



This is a digitally signed Gazette, to verify click here.
<https://rajpatra.hp.gov.in>

राजपत्र, हिमाचल प्रदेश

हिमाचल प्रदेश राज्य शासन द्वारा प्रकाशित

वीरवार, 02 जुलाई, 2026 / 11 आषाढ़, 1948

हिमाचल प्रदेश सरकार

कार्यालय उपायुक्त, चम्बा, जिला चम्बा (हि0प्र0)

अधिसूचना

चम्बा, 01 जुलाई, 2026

संख्या: पीसीएच-सीबीए-3347-55.—हिमाचल प्रदेश पंचायती राज अधिनियम, 1994 की धारा 126 व हिमाचल प्रदेश पंचायती राज (सामान्य) नियम 1997 के नियम 124 के अन्तर्गत प्रदत्त शक्तियों का प्रयोग करते

हुए, मैं, मुकेश रेपसवाल (भा०प्र०से०), उपायुक्त, चम्बा, जिला चम्बा, हि०प्र०, पंचायत समिति तीसा, जिला चम्बा की पंचायत समिति के निर्वाचित अध्यक्ष व उपाध्यक्ष के नामों को सर्वसाधारण की जानकारी हेतु निम्न सारणी अनुसार प्रकाशित करता हूँ :-

क्रम संख्या	पंचायत समिति का नाम	निर्वाचन की दिनांक	निर्वाचित अध्यक्ष का नाम व पता	निर्वाचित उपाध्यक्ष का नाम व पता
1.	तीसा	30-06-2026	श्री चैन लाल पुत्र श्री भगत राम, गांव कुण्डा, डा० देहरा, त० चुराह, जिला, चम्बा (हि०प्र०)।	श्रीमती शकुन्तला कुमारी पत्नी श्री हरिन्द्र सिंह, गांव व डा० तीसा, त० चुराह, जिला चम्बा (हि०प्र०)।

हस्ताक्षरित /—
(मुकेश रेपसवाल, भा०प्र०से०),
उपायुक्त चम्बा, जिला चम्बा (हि०प्र०)।

कार्यालय उपायुक्त, चम्बा, जिला चम्बा (हि०प्र०)

अधिसूचना

चम्बा, 01 जुलाई, 2026

संख्या: पीसीएच-सीबीए-3338-46.—हिमाचल प्रदेश पंचायती राज अधिनियम, 1994 की धारा 126 व हिमाचल प्रदेश पंचायती राज (सामान्य) नियम 1997 के नियम 124 के अन्तर्गत प्रदत्त शक्तियों का प्रयोग करते हुए, मैं, मुकेश रेपसवाल (भा०प्र०से०), उपायुक्त, चम्बा, जिला चम्बा, हि०प्र०, पंचायत समिति मैहला, जिला, चम्बा की पंचायत समिति के निर्वाचित अध्यक्ष व उपाध्यक्ष के नामों को सर्वसाधारण की जानकारी हेतु निम्न सारणी अनुसार प्रकाशित करता हूँ :-

क्रम संख्या	पंचायत समिति का नाम	निर्वाचन की दिनांक	निर्वाचित अध्यक्ष का नाम व पता	निर्वाचित उपाध्यक्ष का नाम व पता
1.	मैहला	27-06-2026	कुमारी सोनू, पत्नी श्री कशमीर सिंह, गांव व डा० रजेरा, त० व जिला चम्बा (हि०प्र०)।	श्री शिव दत्त पुत्र श्री लछिया राम, गांव कनेहतर, डा० खुँदेल, त० व जिला चम्बा (हि०प्र०)।

हस्ताक्षरित /—
(मुकेश रेपसवाल, भा०प्र०से०),
उपायुक्त चम्बा, जिला चम्बा (हि०प्र०)।

कार्यालय उपायुक्त, चम्बा, जिला चम्बा (हि०प्र०)

अधिसूचना

चम्बा, 01 जुलाई, 2026

संख्या: पीसीएच-सीबीए-3329-37.—हिमाचल प्रदेश पंचायती राज अधिनियम, 1994 की धारा 126 व हिमाचल प्रदेश पंचायती राज (सामान्य) नियम 1997 के नियम 124 के अन्तर्गत प्रदत्त शक्तियों का प्रयोग करते हुए, मैं, मुकेश रेपसवाल (भा०प्र०से०), उपायुक्त, चम्बा, जिला चम्बा, हि०प्र०, पंचायत समिति भरमौर, जिला

चम्बा की पंचायत समिति के निर्वाचित अध्यक्ष व उपाध्यक्ष के नामों को सर्वसाधारण की जानकारी हेतु निम्न सारणी अनुसार प्रकाशित करता हूँ :-

क्रम संख्या	पंचायत समिति का नाम	निर्वाचन की दिनांक	निर्वाचित अध्यक्ष का नाम व पता	निर्वाचित उपाध्यक्ष का नाम व पता
1.	भरमौर	22-06-2026	श्रीमती पूजा देवी पत्नी श्री राजेश कुमार गांव गुवाड़ी, डा0 भराड़ी, त0 होली, जिला चम्बा (हि0प्र0)।	श्री जय शंकर पुत्र श्री ब्रह्मू गांव व डा0 उलांसा, त0 होली, जिला चम्बा (हि0प्र0)।

हस्ताक्षरित / -
(मुकेश रेपसवाल, भा०प्र०से०),
उपायुक्त चम्बा, जिला चम्बा (हि0प्र0)।

HIMACHAL PRADESH VIDHAN SABHA SECRETARIAT

NOTIFICATION

Shimla- 4, the 1st July, 2026

No. VS/Estt./6-62/81-III.—The Hon'ble Speaker, H.P. Vidhan Sabha on the recommendations of the Departmental Promotion Committee, is pleased to order the promotion of Smt. Anusheela, Personal Assistant to the post of Private Secretary in Pay Matrix Level-16-₹48700-154300 on regular basis with immediate effect.

2. On promotion she will remain on probation for a period of two years reckoned from the date of issue of this order.

3. She will be entitled to exercise option for fixation of pay under provisions of the F.R. 22 within a period of one month from the date of issue of this Notification.

4. She will join on promotion within 15 days from the date of issue of this Notification failing which the promotion orders shall deemed to be withdrawn automatically. No specific orders with reference to withdrawal of promotion will be issued separately.

Sd/-
Secretary,
H.P. Vidhan Sabha.

[Authoritative English Text of this Department Notification No. SMS-I-1/2026-27-RDD-VBGRAMG dated 27-06-2026 as required under Clause-3 of Article 348 of the Constitution of India].

RURAL DEVELOPMENT DEPARTMENT

NOTIFICATION

Shimla-2, 27th June, 2026

No. SMS-1-1/2026-27-RDD-VBGRAMG-6851-7022.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub section (1) of Section 3 and sub section(1) of section 8 of the Viksit Bharat-

Guarantee for Rozgar and Ajeevika Mission (Gramin) VB-G RAM G (विकसित भारत—जी राम जी) Act, 2025, the Governor of Himachal Pradesh hereby notifies the Himachal Pradesh Viksit Bharat Guarantee for Rozgar and Ajeevika Mission (Gramin): HP VB-G RAM G (हिमाचल प्रदेश विकसित भारत—जी राम जी) Scheme, 2026 as per Annexure-A appended to this notification. The Scheme shall extend to the whole of the rural areas of the State of Himachal Pradesh and shall come into force with effect from 01-07-2026.

Sd/-
(C. PAULRASU IAS),
Secretary (Rural Development).

Annexure-A

CHAPTER I: PRELIMINARY

1.1 Short Title and Commencement.—

1. This Scheme may be called the **Himachal Pradesh Viksit Bharat—Guarantee for Rozgar and Ajeevika Mission (Gramin): VB—G RAM G (विकसित भारत—जी राम जी) Scheme, 2026.**
2. It shall extend to all rural areas of Himachal Pradesh as notified by the Central Government under sub-section (1) of section 5 of the Act.
3. It shall come into force on 1st July, 2026 upon its publication in the Rajpatra of Himachal Pradesh.
4. This Scheme is made under the Viksit Bharat—Guarantee for Rozgar and Ajeevika Mission (Gramin): VB—G RAM G (विकसित भारत—जी राम जी) Act, 2025 (36 of 2025) (hereinafter referred to as "the Act").
5. All documents pertaining to this Scheme shall bear a mention of the Viksit Bharat—Guarantee for Rozgar and Ajeevika Mission (Gramin): VB—G RAM G (विकसित भारत—जी राम जी) Act, 2025, as required under paragraphs 1 and 2 of Schedule I of the Act.

1.2 Definitions.—

1. In this Scheme, unless the context otherwise requires:—
 - (a) **"Act"** means the Viksit Bharat—Guarantee for Rozgar and Ajeevika Mission (Gramin): VB—G RAM G (विकसित भारत—जी राम जी) Act, 2025 (36 of 2025);
 - (b) **"Adult"** means a person who has completed the eighteenth year of age;
 - (c) **"Applicant"** means the head of a household or any of its other adult members who has applied for employment under the Scheme;
 - (d) **"Authorized functionary"** means any official designated by the State Government to perform specified functions under this Scheme;

-
- (e) **"Block"** or **"Panchayat Samiti area"** means a community development area within a district comprising a group of Gram Panchayats and notified by the State Government;
- (f) **"Block Development Officer (BDO)"** means the officer appointed as Programme Officer under section 18 of the Act;
- (g) **"Central Government"** means the Government of India;
- (h) **"Centrally Sponsored Scheme"** means a scheme in which the Central Government provides full or partial financial assistance and the State Government undertakes its implementation;
- (i) **"Citizen's Information Board"** or **"Janata Board"** means the display board at worksites showing details of works, estimates, and entitlements as per paragraph 25(2)(b) of Schedule I of the Act;
- (j) **"Complaint Register"** means the register maintained by the Programme Officer for recording all disputes and complaints as per section 23(6) of the Act;
- (k) **"Convergence"** means integrated planning and implementation of works under this Scheme with other Central, State, and local schemes;
- (l) **"Delay Compensation"** means the compensation payable for delayed wage payments at the rate of 0.05% per day beyond the 15th day as per subparagraph (1) of paragraph 6 of Schedule II of the Act;
- (m) **"Department"** means the Department of Rural Development and Panchayati Raj, Government of Himachal Pradesh;
- (n) **"Deputy Commissioner"** means the head of the revenue administration of a district who is designated as District Programme Coordinator under section 17 of the Act;
- (o) **"District"** means a revenue district in the State of Himachal Pradesh;
- (p) **"e-Muster"** means the electronically generated muster roll with a unique identity number as per paragraph 15 of Schedule I of the Act;
- (q) **"Gram Panchayat"** means a village-level Panchayat constituted under the Himachal Pradesh Panchayati Raj Act, 1994;
- (r) **"Gram Rozgar Sahayak"** means the scheme-based village-level functionary employed to assist the Gram Panchayat in implementation of the Scheme;
- (s) **"Gram Sabha"** means a body consisting of persons registered in the electoral rolls relating to a village comprised within the area of a Gram Panchayat;
- (t) **"Hilly areas"** means areas so designated by the State Government taking into account altitude, terrain, accessibility and geographical factors, and

includes all areas above 1,000 meters altitude and areas with slope exceeding 30 degrees;

- (u) **"Household"** means the members of a family related to each other by blood, marriage or adoption and normally residing together and sharing meals or holding a common ration card;
- (v) **"Implementing Agency"** includes any department of the State Government, Zila Parishad, Panchayat Samiti, Gram Panchayat, or any local authority designated to undertake works under this Scheme;
- (w) **"Intermediate level"** means Panchayat Samiti level between the village and district levels;
- (x) **"Job Card"** or **"Gramin Rozgar Guarantee Card"** means the registration card issued to a household under this Scheme;
- (y) **"Kuhl"** means traditional irrigation channel system prevalent in Himachal Pradesh;
- (z) **"Labour-intensive technology"** means technology or method of work execution that maximizes use of manual labour and minimizes use of machinery;
- (aa) **"Management Information System (MIS)"** or **"designated portal"** means the national/State digital platform for this Scheme;
- (ab) **"Material component"** means the cost of materials, tools, equipment and other non-wage expenses in a work;
- (ac) **"Muster Roll"** means the attendance register for workers at worksites maintained as per paragraph 15 of Schedule I of the Act;
- (ad) **"Normative allocation"** means the allocation of funds made by the Central Government to the State as per section 22(4) of the Act;
- (ae) **"Panchayat Samiti"** means the Panchayat at intermediate level constituted under the Himachal Pradesh Panchayati Raj Act, 1994;
- (af) **"Peak Agricultural Seasons"** means the periods notified under section 6 of the Act during which no works shall be undertaken under this Scheme;
- (ag) **"Prescribed"** means prescribed by rules made under the Act or this Scheme;
- (ah) **"Schedule of Rates"** means the rates for various works notified by the State Government based on time-and-motion studies as per paragraph 17 of Schedule I of the Act;
- (ai) **"Social Audit"** means the audit of works and expenditure conducted by the Gram Sabha as per section 20 of the Act;
- (aj) **"Spring"** means a natural source of groundwater discharge, which is the primary source of drinking and irrigation water in Himachal Pradesh;

- (ak) **"State"** means the State of Himachal Pradesh;
- (al) **"Unemployment Allowance"** means the allowance payable when employment is not provided within 15 days as per section 11 of the Act;
- (am) **"Unskilled manual work"** means any physical work which any adult person is capable of doing without any skill or special training;
- (an) **"Viksit Bharat National Rural Infrastructure Stack"** means the consolidated aggregation of works from Viksit Gram Panchayat Plans at District, State and National levels as defined in section 2(v) of the Act;
- (ao) **"Viksit Gram Panchayat Plan (VGPP)"** means the future-ready, convergence-based local development plan prepared by Gram Panchayats as defined in section 2(w) of the Act;
- (ap) **"Vulnerable Groups"** includes single women, persons with disabilities, persons above sixty years, released bonded laborers, Particularly Vulnerable Tribal Groups, transgender persons, Scheduled Castes, Scheduled Tribes, and economically weaker sections;
- (aq) **"Wage rate"** means the wage rate notified by the Central Government under section 10 of the Act;
- (ar) **"Ward Sabha"** means the meeting of electors in a ward of the Gram Panchayat;
- (as) **"Work"** means any work undertaken or executed under the Scheme;
- (at) **"Worksite"** means the location where works under this Scheme are executed;
- (au) **"Zila Parishad"** means the District-level Panchayat constituted under the Himachal Pradesh Panchayati Raj Act, 1994.

2. All other terms and expressions used but not defined in this Scheme shall have the meanings assigned to them in the Act or in the Himachal Pradesh Panchayati Raj Act, 1994, as the case may be.

3. For the purposes of this Scheme, a reference to "he", "his" or "him" shall, unless the context otherwise requires, be construed as including "she", "her" or reference to any person irrespective of gender.

1.3 Eligibility under the Scheme.—

1. Eligibility for Registration and Job Card:—

Every household in the rural areas of Himachal Pradesh covered under this Scheme shall be eligible for registration and issuance of Gramin Rozgar Guarantee Card, provided that:—

- (a) The household is residing in a rural area as defined in the Act;

- (b) The household has at least one adult member (18 years or above);
- (c) Adult members of the household are willing to undertake unskilled manual work; and
- (d) The household makes application for registration to the Gram Panchayat.

2. No Discrimination:— There shall be no discrimination in registration or provision of employment on grounds of caste, religion, or community, gender, political affiliation and any other ground.

3. Special Priority Categories:— While all registered households are eligible, special priority in work allocation shall be given to:—

(a) Households belonging to Scheduled Castes; (b) Households belonging to Scheduled Tribes; (c) Households below poverty line; (d) Women-headed households; (e) Single women; (f) Persons with disabilities; (g) Persons above 60 years of age; (h) Released bonded laborers; (i) Persons belonging to Particularly Vulnerable Tribal Groups; (j) Transgender persons; (k) Households affected by natural calamities; (l) Migrant workers returning to their villages.

4. Eligibility for Employment:—

Any adult member whose name appears in the Gramin Rozgar Guarantee Card shall be entitled to: (a) Apply for unskilled manual work under the Scheme; (b) Receive employment within 15 days of application or from the date sought; (c) Receive unemployment allowance if employment not provided within stipulated time; (d) Receive wages at notified rates within 15 days of work completion; (e) Worksite facilities as per Schedule II of the Act; (f) Grievance redressal through established mechanisms.

5. Eligibility for Individual Beneficiary Works:—

As per paragraph 4(6) of Schedule I of the Act, works creating individual assets may be undertaken on land/homestead owned by households belonging to (in priority order):—

(a) Scheduled Castes; (b) Scheduled Tribes; (c) Nomadic tribes; (d) Denotified tribes; (e) Economically Weaker Sections (as notified by Central Government); (f) Women-headed households; (g) Households headed by persons with disabilities; (h) Beneficiaries of land reforms; (i) PMAY-G beneficiaries; (j) Forest Rights Act, 2006 beneficiaries; (k) Small and marginal farmers (after exhausting above categories).

Conditions for Individual Beneficiary Works:—

- Must possess valid Gramin Rozgar Guarantee Card;
- At least one adult member must work on the project;
- Must meet eligibility criteria of the specific scheme (PMAY-G, horticulture scheme, etc.);
- Land ownership/homestead rights must be established.

6. No Upper Limit on Days.—There shall be no limit on number of days of employment a person may apply for or receive, subject to the aggregate household guarantee of 125 days per year.

7. Employment Beyond Guarantee.— As per section 5(4) of the Act, the State Government may, within limits of economic capacity, provide employment beyond 125 days.

8. Verification of Eligibility.—

- (a) Gram Panchayat shall verify eligibility before issuing Job Card;
- (b) Verification may include residence proof, age proof, and household composition;
- (c) No caste certificate shall be mandatory for general registration;
- (d) Caste certificate shall be required only for claiming SC/ST specific benefits/priorities.

9. Portability in Calamities:—As per sub-paragraph (10) of paragraph 6 of Schedule II of the Act, in case of natural calamities causing mass dislocation, affected households may seek registration in area of temporary relocation, get Job Card issued by Gram Panchayat/Programme Officer of that area and apply for re-registration if original card lost/destroyed.

CHAPTER II: REGISTRATION, JOB CARD ISSUANCE AND EMPLOYMENT APPLICATION

2.1 Application for Registration.—

1. In accordance with sub-paragraph (1) of paragraph 1 of Schedule II of the Act, the adult members of every household ordinarily residing in any rural area of Himachal Pradesh covered under this Scheme and willing to undertake unskilled manual work shall be entitled to apply for registration. Such application shall be submitted to the Gram Panchayat within whose jurisdiction the household resides for the purpose of registration of the household and issuance of a Gramin Rozgar Guarantee Card.

2. The application for registration shall be made in Form-I appended to this Scheme or in such other form as may be prescribed by the State Government from time to time. The application may be submitted in writing on the prescribed form or may be made orally to the Gram Panchayat, in which case the Gram Panchayat or its authorized functionary shall reduce the same into writing in the prescribed form. The application may also be submitted online through the designated digital portal or MIS wherever such facility is available, or through the Gram Rozgar Sahayak or any Ward Member.

3. An application for registration may be submitted at the office of the Gram Panchayat during working hours, or to the Pradhan or any member of the Gram Panchayat, or to the Gram Rozgar Sahayak, or to any Ward Member of the concerned ward, or at the office of the Panchayat Samiti through the Programme Officer, or through the designated online portal where such facility exists.

4. The application for registration shall contain complete particulars relating to the household and its adult members. These particulars shall include the name of the head of the household, father's or husband's name, complete residential address specifying village, ward

number, Gram Panchayat, Panchayat Samiti and district, and contact details such as mobile number or email address where available. The application shall further include details of all adult members of the household who have attained the age of eighteen years, including their names, father's or husband's name, date of birth or age, gender, relationship with the head of household, Aadhaar number if voluntarily provided, and educational qualification if any. The application shall also contain particulars of the Bank or Post Office savings account of one or more adult members, including the name of the Bank or Post Office, branch, account number, IFSC code and name of the account holder, or an indication of willingness to open such an account if none exists.

5. The registration process shall, wherever feasible and in accordance with the provisions of the Act and guidelines issued by the Central Government from time to time, include Aadhaar-based authentication, e-KYC verification and digital validation through the designated Management Information System. Provided that inability to complete e-KYC or Aadhaar authentication due to technical reasons, connectivity constraints or non-availability of Aadhaar shall not by itself result in denial of registration, subject to such alternative verification procedures as may be specified by the State Government or Central Government.

6. The applicant may attach any one document as proof of residence, including ration card, voter identity card of any adult member, electricity or water bill, property tax receipt, Aadhaar card with current address, or a self-declaration of residence in cases where documentary proof is not available. Information regarding caste category, special category status such as Below Poverty Line household, woman-headed household, single woman, disability, senior citizen, released bonded labourer, Particularly Vulnerable Tribal Group, transgender person, beneficiary under the Forest Rights Act, 2006 or PMAY-G beneficiary may also be furnished, though the absence of such certificates shall not be a ground for refusal of registration.

7. The application shall be accompanied by two recent passport-size photographs of each adult member willing to work. In cases where photographs are not readily available, the Gram Panchayat shall arrange for photographs to be taken and affixed to the application. The application shall include a declaration by the applicant certifying that the household ordinarily resides in the village, that the particulars furnished are true and correct, that the adult members are willing to undertake unskilled manual work, and that furnishing of false information may result in cancellation of the Job Card. The declaration shall be signed or bear the thumb impression of the applicant.

8. No fee shall be charged for registration or for issuance of the Gramin Rozgar Guarantee Card, and the entire process of registration and Job Card issuance shall be completely free of cost.

9. Every application received by the Gram Panchayat or its authorized functionary shall be compulsorily entered in the Registration Application Register maintained for this purpose. A dated written receipt acknowledging receipt of the application shall be issued immediately to the applicant, clearly indicating the serial number of the application, date of receipt, name of the applicant, name of the Gram Panchayat and the signature or stamp of the receiving official. The receipt shall also inform the applicant that the Gramin Rozgar Guarantee Card shall be issued within fifteen days from the date of receipt of the application. In cases where the application is made orally, the Gram Panchayat shall reduce it into writing and issue a dated receipt. Where the application is submitted online, an auto-generated acknowledgement bearing a unique registration number shall be issued through the system.

10. The Gram Panchayat, Gram Rozgar Sahayak and Ward Members shall provide all necessary assistance to households, particularly those belonging to vulnerable groups, in filling up

and submitting the application for registration. Special assistance shall be extended to illiterate persons, persons with disabilities, elderly persons, single women and members of Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes. Application forms shall be made available free of cost at the Gram Panchayat and Panchayat Samiti offices, through the Gram Rozgar Sahayak and on the official website for download and printing.

11. The Gram Panchayat shall proactively identify and encourage registration of all eligible households, especially those belonging to Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes, Below Poverty Line households, vulnerable groups and households residing in remote hamlets. For this purpose, special registration camps may be organized in coordination with the Panchayat Samiti, and the Gram Rozgar Sahayak shall conduct door-to-door surveys to motivate eligible households to register.

12. Where more than one application is received from the same household, the Gram Panchayat shall verify and consolidate the information and shall issue only one Gramin Rozgar Guarantee Card per household covering all eligible adult members. During special registration camps or drives, applications may be received and processed on the spot, and Job Cards may be issued on the same day subject to verification of particulars.

2.2 Verification of Applications.—

1. It shall be the duty of the Gram Panchayat to verify the particulars furnished in the application for registration after making such enquiry as it may deem fit. The verification shall include confirmation that the household ordinarily resides within the jurisdiction of the Gram Panchayat, that the particulars of the adult members are correct, that the household is eligible for registration, and that the residential and banking details furnished are accurate.

2. Verification may be carried out through physical visits to the household by the Gram Rozgar Sahayak or Panchayat Secretary, verification with the Ward Member, cross-checking with ration cards or electoral rolls, community verification through the Ward Sabha or Gram Sabha, or through digital verification using Aadhaar databases wherever consent has been given. In the case of households belonging to special categories, relevant certificates may be verified if submitted; however, the absence of such certificates shall not be a ground for rejection if the household is otherwise eligible.

3. Where the Gram Panchayat has reason to believe that any information furnished is false or misleading, or that the household is not eligible, it may conduct a detailed enquiry after giving the applicant an opportunity to explain or furnish additional information. If satisfied after enquiry, the Gram Panchayat shall proceed to issue the Job Card; otherwise, the application may be rejected by recording reasons in writing.

4. A list of all applications received during a month shall be placed before the Gram Sabha for information and community verification. Any objections raised shall be enquired into by the Gram Panchayat. Verification shall be completed expeditiously so as to enable issuance of the Job Card within the stipulated period of fifteen days from the date of receipt of the application.

2.3 Issue of Gramin Rozgar Guarantee Card.—

1. In accordance with sub-paragraph (4) of paragraph 1 of Schedule II of the Act, it shall be the statutory obligation of the Gram Panchayat to issue a Gramin Rozgar Guarantee Card within fifteen days from the date of receipt of a complete application for registration after due verification.

2. The Gramin Rozgar Guarantee Card shall contain complete and accurate particulars of the household and its registered adult members, including a unique Job Card number generated as per the prescribed system, details of the head of household, full address, details and photographs of all adult members, bank or post office account details, Aadhaar numbers where voluntarily provided, caste and special category status, and insurance details wherever applicable. The Job Card shall clearly specify the key guarantees and entitlements under the Act, including the right to guaranteed employment, timely payment of wages, unemployment allowance, worksite facilities, grievance redressal and social audit. The Job Card shall indicate the date of issue, validity period of three years, and shall bear the signature or thumb impression of the head of household along with the seal and signature of the issuing authority.

3. The Job Card shall be issued in the prescribed Form-II, printed on durable material, in bilingual format, and shall include adequate space for recording work demand, employment provided, wages paid and related details. The State Government may, subject to operational feasibility and guidelines issued by the Central Government, introduce differentiated identification mechanisms, including distinct formats or colour coding, for vulnerable categories requiring priority support under the Scheme

4. After verification, the Gram Panchayat shall enter all relevant details in the Job Card Register, generate the Job Card number, prepare and authenticate the Job Card, and issue it to the head of household or any adult member against proper acknowledgement. Details of the Job Card shall be uploaded to the MIS within seven days. Job Cards shall preferably be distributed in public functions or Gram Sabha meetings to ensure transparency, and doorstep delivery may be arranged for persons unable to collect them personally.

2.4 Validity, Renewal and Updating of Job Card.—

1. The Gramin Rozgar Guarantee Card shall remain valid for such period as may be prescribed under the Act or notified by the Central Government from time to time and may be renewed thereafter following due verification. The Gram Panchayat shall inform households of the requirement for renewal at least one month before expiry and shall complete the renewal process within fifteen days without charging any fee.

2. Notwithstanding the three-year validity, the Gram Panchayat shall arrange for annual updating of Job Card details at the beginning of each financial year to capture changes in household composition, addition or deletion of adult members, updated bank details and photographs. Additions and deletions shall be duly verified and recorded without erasure of past entries, and substantial changes may warrant issuance of a fresh Job Card free of cost.

2.5 Cancellation of Job Card.—

No Gramin Rozgar Guarantee Card shall be cancelled except on grounds of duplication, permanent migration of the entire household outside the Gram Panchayat jurisdiction, or death of all adult members. Cancellation shall follow due process, including opportunity of hearing, passing of a reasoned order, proper recording in registers and MIS, and intimation to the household. Arbitrary cancellation is strictly prohibited, and aggrieved households may appeal to the Programme Officer within thirty days.

2.6 Loss, Damage or Mutilation of Job Card.—

In cases of loss, damage or mutilation of the Job Card, the household may apply for re-issuance. After verification, a duplicate Job Card bearing the same number shall be issued within

fifteen days without charging any fee, and appropriate entries shall be made in records. Special provisions shall apply during natural calamities to facilitate re-registration and re-issuance.

2.7 Banking and Financial Inclusion.—

All wage payments shall be made through individual savings accounts of workers in Banks or Post Offices, and the Gram Panchayat shall assist households in opening such accounts wherever required. Aadhaar linkage and Aadhaar-based payment systems shall be implemented in accordance with the provisions of the Act and guidelines issued by the Central Government from time to time. However, no eligible worker shall be denied registration or wage payment solely on account of technical authentication failure, subject to alternative verification procedures prescribed under applicable guidelines

2.8 Special Provisions for Natural Calamities.—

In situations of mass displacement due to natural calamities, affected households may seek temporary registration and employment at the place of relocation, with expedited issuance of Job Cards based on self-declaration where necessary. Employment days shall be counted towards the annual entitlement, and records shall be consolidated upon restoration of normalcy.

2.9 Transparency and Public Disclosure.—

The Gram Panchayat shall publicly display and regularly update the list of registered households and Job Cards and present the consolidated list in the Gram Sabha for social audit. All records shall be available for public inspection free of cost.

2.10 Maintenance of Records.—

The Gram Panchayat shall maintain all registers, documents and digital records relating to registration and Job Cards in prescribed formats and shall preserve such records for the stipulated period.

2.11 Grievances Related to Registration and Job Card.—

Any grievance relating to registration, issuance, updating or cancellation of Job Cards may be lodged through prescribed channels and shall be enquired into and disposed of within the time limits specified under the Act.

CHAPTER III — PLANNING FRAMEWORK

3.1 Viksit Gram Panchayat Plan (VGPP) .—

1. A future-ready, convergence-based local development plan aligned with the vision of Viksit Bharat @2047, formulated by the Gram Panchayat through a participatory and evidence-based process, and serving as the basis for identification and prioritisation of works under this Scheme, shall be prepared.

2. All works undertaken under this Scheme shall originate from the Viksit Gram Panchayat Plans and shall be consolidated at the Block, District and State levels and further aggregated into the Viksit Bharat National Rural Infrastructure Stack, which shall comprise a comprehensive listing of works aligned with national development priorities. The Viksit Bharat National Rural Infrastructure Stack shall encompass the following four thematic focus domains, namely—

- (a) water security through water-related works;
- (b) core rural infrastructure;
- (c) livelihood-related infrastructure; and
- (d) works for the mitigation of extreme weather events.

3. There shall be a systematic and participatory planning exercise undertaken at each tier of the Panchayati Raj system in accordance with the specified methodology. Rural works planning under this Scheme shall be undertaken through Viksit Gram Panchayat Plans, prepared by the Gram Panchayats and integrated with the PM Gati Shakti National Master Plan, so as to enable spatially optimised infrastructure development and strengthened inter-departmental convergence. The Viksit Gram Panchayat Plans shall be prepared using GIS-based tools, PM Gati Shakti layers and other digital public infrastructure, and placed before the Gram Sabha for approval. Works proposed to be undertaken by the Intermediate Panchayat, District Panchayat or other implementing agencies shall likewise be placed before the respective Panchayats alongwith the expected outputs and outcomes. The Viksit Gram Panchayat Plans shall be aggregated at the Block, District and State levels to ensure coherence with sectoral priorities, broader rural development strategies, and saturation-based planning for comprehensive coverage of eligible assets and outcomes across all Gram Panchayats. All works emerging from the Viksit Gram Panchayat Plans shall be consolidated into the Viksit Bharat—National Rural Infrastructure Stack.

4. The preparation, prioritisation and approval of works under the Viksit Gram Panchayat Plan shall ordinarily remain participatory and Gram Sabha-driven, and no work shall ordinarily be included in the annual shelf of works unless identified, prioritised or approved through the Gram Sabha process

Provided that in exceptional circumstances, including natural calamities, disaster situations, public emergencies, breakdown of connectivity, snow-bound conditions, non-constitution, dissolution or supersession of Panchayats, or where holding of Gram Sabha is not reasonably practicable for reasons to be recorded in writing, the District Programme Coordinator may permit inclusion, prioritisation or sanction of essential works subject to *ex post facto* placement before the concerned Gram Sabha for ratification as soon as reasonably practicable.

5. For the purposes of preparation of Viksit Gram Panchayat Plans, prioritisation of works, implementation flexibility and allocation of resources, the State Government may classify Gram Panchayats into Category A, Category B and Category C based upon such factors as may be notified from time to time.

6. Every Gram Panchayat shall prepare saturation-mode plans based on its classification into Category A, Category B and Category C, determined based on development parameters, including proximity to urban areas, to address the varying needs of the Panchayats. All such works shall be drawn exclusively from the approved Viksit Gram Panchayat Plan, prepared using PM Gati Shakti, GIS-based tools and other digital public infrastructure.

7. Annual plans would be prepared on the basis of the normative allocation.

8. The works identified in the Viksit Gram Panchayat Plans shall be executed through various Central, State and local schemes in convergence. The schemes to be taken up for such convergence shall be notified by the Central Government.

9. While preparing Viksit Gram Panchayat Plans and annual labour demand, no work shall be proposed for execution during notified peak agricultural periods.

3.2 Framework for Convergence and Integrated Planning.—

A Unified Convergence Framework shall be established for coherent planning, execution and monitoring of all works undertaken in rural areas, and for this purpose—

1. All Central, State or local schemes, as may be notified by the Central Government for the purpose of convergence and saturation-based planning, shall be brought under a unified planning process anchored in the Viksit Gram Panchayat Plans.

2. All existing assets and proposed works, whether funded under this Scheme or through any other Central, State or local scheme, shall be mandatorily registered and tracked through the Viksit Bharat—National Rural Infrastructure Stack using the designated digital portal, which shall maintain a comprehensive register of rural public works, prevent duplication, integrate departmental investments, and align all works with saturation outcomes.

3. All works shall be taken up through the national management information system devised by the Ministry of Rural Development, GoI and all planning shall follow a strict bottom-up process beginning with the preparation of the Viksit Gram Panchayat Plan, which shall be successively aggregated at the Block, District and State levels, and the aggregated State Plan shall be placed before the State Level Steering Committee for approval. Annual plans would be prepared on the basis of the normative allocation.

4. Viksit Bharat National Rural Infrastructure Stack shall be used in identifying priority infrastructure gaps, standardising work designs, and ensuring that public investments contribute measurably to saturation outcomes at the Gram Panchayat, Block and District levels.

5. This institutional architecture shall ensure a single-plan, multi-funding approach, promote convergence across departments and schemes, and align all rural development efforts with the Viksit Bharat @2047 vision of creating productive, resilient and transformative rural assets.

3.3 Intra-State Distribution of Normative Allocation.—

The State Government shall, upon receipt of the approved normative allocation from the Central Government, ensure equitable, need-based and transparent intra-State distribution of the allocation across districts and Gram Panchayats, taking into consideration the categorisation of Gram Panchayats and the assessed local needs for determining Gram Panchayat-wise allocations and corresponding district allocations; and follow the detailed methodology, parameters and procedural requirements for such distribution as notified by the Central Government.

CHAPTER IV: APPLICATION FOR WORK, ALLOTMENT OF WORK, AND SPECIAL PROVISIONS

4.1. Application for Work.—

1. In accordance with paragraph 2 of Schedule II of the Act, every adult member of a registered household whose name appears in the Gramin Rozgar Guarantee Card shall be entitled to apply for unskilled manual work under the Scheme. Every such application shall be compulsorily registered and a receipt issued with the date, which shall be entered in the designated digital platform.

2. An application for employment may be made in writing or orally and may be submitted to the Ward member, or to the Gram Panchayat, or to the Programme Officer, or to any person authorised by the State Government, or through digital platforms, or through any other means authorised by the State Government. Where an application is made orally, it shall be reduced to writing by the authority receiving it and a dated acknowledgement shall be issued to the applicant.

3. Applications for work may be filed individually by any adult member of the household whose name appears in the Job Card, or applications may be filed for a group of workers together. There shall be no limit on the number of days of employment for which a person may apply, or on the number of days of employment actually provided to him, subject to the aggregate guarantee of one hundred and twenty-five days per household in a financial year.

4. Normally, applications for work must be for at least six days of continuous work. However, in exceptional circumstances and for valid reasons, applications for shorter duration may be accepted at the discretion of the Gram Panchayat or Programme Officer.

5. Applicant can make an advance application, that is, an application which may be submitted earlier than the date from which employment is sought. An advance application shall clearly specify the date from which employment is required. Such advance applications shall be accepted and registered in the same manner as regular applications, and the fifteen-day period for providing employment shall be counted from the date specified in the application as the date from which employment is sought, and not from the date of receipt of application.

6. Applicant may submit multiple applications, provided that the corresponding periods for which employment is sought do not overlap. Where multiple applications are received from the same household for different periods, each application shall be treated separately and employment shall be provided accordingly.

7. Every application for work shall contain the following particulars: name of the applicant, Gramin Rozgar Guarantee Card number, number of days of work required, period for which work is sought (from date to date), number of adult members willing to work, type of work preferred if any, and signature or thumb impression of the applicant. The application may be made in the prescribed format or in any other written form containing these essential particulars.

8. Upon receipt of an application for work, the Gram Panchayat or Programme Officer or any authorised functionary shall immediately issue a dated written receipt to the applicant acknowledging the receipt of application. The receipt shall contain the following details: serial number of the application in the register, name of applicant, Job Card number, number of days of work applied for, period for which work is sought, date of receipt of application, and signature or seal of the receiving authority. The receipt shall also inform the applicant that employment will be provided within fifteen days from the date of receipt of application or from the date from which employment is sought in case of advance application, whichever is later.

9. All applications for work shall be compulsorily registered in the Employment Application Register maintained at the Gram Panchayat and at the office of the Programme Officer. The register shall contain columns for serial number, date of receipt, name of applicant, Job Card number, number of days requested, period for which work sought, work allotted (details to be filled later), muster roll number, date of allotment, and remarks. Separate pages or sections may be maintained for individual applications and group applications.

10. The Gram Panchayat and Programme Officer shall ensure that no application for work is refused or rejected arbitrarily. Every eligible person applying for work has a legal right to

employment under this Act, and refusal to accept application or deliberate delay in accepting application shall be treated as violation of the Act and shall attract penalties under section 27 of the Act.

11. The State Government shall proactively verify the requirements of Vulnerable Groups including single women, persons with disabilities, persons above sixty years of age, released bonded labourers, Particularly Vulnerable Tribal Groups, transgender persons, Scheduled Castes, and Scheduled Tribes, and provide them with work on priority basis. The Gram Rozgar Sahayak and Ward Members shall conduct regular surveys to identify households from vulnerable groups who require employment and shall motivate them to apply for work.

12. Applications for work may be submitted at any time during the financial year except during the notified peak agricultural seasons as specified under section 6 of the Act. During peak agricultural seasons when works are not undertaken, applications for work shall not be accepted, but advance applications for the period after the peak season may be accepted and registered.

13. All applications received during a week shall be compiled and a consolidated list shall be prepared by the Gram Panchayat and submitted to the Programme Officer. Based on the demand for work and availability of works in the shelf of approved works from the Viksit Gram Panchayat Plan, employment shall be allocated to the applicants in a transparent and equitable manner.

14. In case any clarification or additional information is required regarding the application, the same shall be sought from the applicant immediately, and the applicant shall be given reasonable opportunity to furnish such information. Lack of minor details or documentation shall not be a ground for rejection of application for work.

15. The Gram Panchayat and Programme Officer shall maintain proper records of all applications received, employment provided, and unemployment allowance paid, in physical registers as well as in the digital Management Information System. Such records shall be open for public inspection and shall be subject to social audit by the Gram Sabha.

4.2. Allotment of Work.—

1. In accordance with sub-paragraph (1) of paragraph 3 of Schedule II of the Act, the Gram Panchayat and Programme Officer shall ensure that every applicant shall be provided unskilled manual work in accordance with the provisions of this Scheme within fifteen days of receipt of an application for work or from the date from which he seeks work in case of advance application, whichever is later. This is a statutory obligation and failure to provide employment within the stipulated period shall entitle the applicant to unemployment allowance as provided under section 11 of the Act.

2. As soon as an application or group of applications for work is received, the Gram Panchayat or Programme Officer shall immediately examine the shelf of works approved in the Viksit Gram Panchayat Plan and identify suitable works where employment can be provided to the applicants. Preference shall be given to works which are labour-intensive, located within or near the village, and which match the physical capacity and skills of the applicants.

3. The allocation of work among applicants shall be done in a fair, transparent and equitable manner. Priority shall be given to applicants who have not received employment earlier in the financial year, or who have received lesser number of days of employment compared to others, so as to ensure that every registered household gets opportunity to complete its entitlement of one hundred and twenty-five days in the financial year. However, this shall not mean that work shall be

denied to any applicant who applies for work, as there is no upper limit on the number of days of employment a person can apply for or receive.

4. Priority shall be given to women in such a way that at least one-third of the beneficiaries shall be women who have registered and requested for work. Efforts shall be made to increase participation of single women and persons with disabilities in the Scheme. Where women apply for work, they shall be given priority in allocation, and efforts shall be made to provide them work near their place of residence and in groups so that they feel safe and comfortable.

5. While allocating work, the Gram Panchayat and Programme Officer shall take into account the following factors: the nature of work and whether it matches the physical capacity of the applicant (for instance, heavy earthwork may not be suitable for elderly persons or persons with certain disabilities), the location of the work and its distance from the applicant's residence, the availability of worksite facilities, the number of days of work available in that particular work, and the number of workers required for that work as per the technical estimate.

6. Applicants who are provided with work shall be intimated in writing by means of a letter sent to them at the address given in the Gramin Rozgar Guarantee Card, or through any other effective mode of communication including mobile phone message, or by a public notice displayed at the office of the Panchayats at district, intermediate or village level. The intimation shall contain details of the work allotted, location of the worksite, date from which the worker should report for work, name of the work and nature of work, muster roll number, and name of the official in-charge of the work.

7. A list of persons who are provided with work shall be displayed on the notice board of the Gram Panchayat and at the office of the Programme Officer and at such other places as the Programme Officer may deem necessary. The list shall be open for inspection by the State Government and any interested person. The list shall contain serial number, name of worker, Job Card number, name of work allotted, location of work, date from which work allotted, and number of days for which work allotted. The list shall also be uploaded on the Management Information System for public viewing.

8. The workers who have been allotted work shall report at the worksite on the date specified. The mate or supervisor in-charge of the work shall record their attendance in the muster roll and assign them the work tasks as per the technical estimate and measurement book. Workers shall be informed about the quantum of work expected from them per day, the wage rate, and the payment schedule.

9. A period of employment shall be for at least six days continuously, with not more than six working days in a week, as per sub-paragraph (8) of paragraph 3 of Schedule II of the Act. Sunday or any other day may be declared as weekly off. However, at the request of workers and depending upon the nature of work, the Programme Officer may permit flexibility in working days, provided that workers are given at least one day of rest in a week.

10. As far as possible, employment shall be provided within a radius of five kilometers of the village where the applicant resides at the time of applying, as provided in sub-paragraph (5) of paragraph 3 of Schedule II of the Act. This is particularly important in the hilly terrain of Himachal Pradesh where travel is difficult and time-consuming. The Gram Panchayat and Programme Officer shall make every effort to ensure that works are planned and located within or near the village so that workers do not have to travel long distances.

11. The allocation of employment opportunities among applicants shall be done by the Gram Panchayat in consultation with the Ward Sabhas and with the approval of the Gram Sabha to

ensure transparency and community participation. The Gram Panchayat shall maintain a roster or waiting list of applicants who have applied for work, and shall allocate work in a systematic manner ensuring that no one is discriminated against and everyone gets fair opportunity.

12. Where the number of applicants exceeds the employment opportunities available at a particular point of time, priority shall be given on first-come-first-served basis, subject to the priority for women and vulnerable groups as mentioned above. However, the Gram Panchayat and Programme Officer shall make efforts to generate additional works from the shelf of approved works or to expedite sanction of new works so that employment can be provided to all applicants within the stipulated period of fifteen days.

13. If sufficient work is not available within the Gram Panchayat to provide employment to all applicants within fifteen days, the Programme Officer shall arrange to provide employment in works being executed by the Panchayat Samiti or by other implementing agencies within the Block, or in neighbouring Gram Panchayats where labour is required. The Programme Officer shall supply each Gram Panchayat with a list of employment opportunities available elsewhere to the residents of that Gram Panchayat, as provided in clause (f) of section 19 of the Act.

14. Workers shall be free to refuse the work allotted to them if they have genuine reasons such as health problems, family emergencies, or if the work location is too far. In such cases, they may request for alternative work or may apply for work at a later date. However, refusal of work without valid reason after being allotted work may be taken into account while allocating work in future, though it shall not disentitle the worker from applying for work again.

15. The Gram Panchayat and Programme Officer shall maintain complete transparency in the process of work allotment. Details of all applications received and work allotted shall be displayed publicly and shall be uploaded on the Management Information System. Any complaints regarding non-transparent or discriminatory allocation of work shall be dealt with promptly through the grievance redressal mechanism established under this Scheme.

4.3. Allotment of Work Outside the Panchayat.—

1. In accordance with sub-paragraph (7) of paragraph 3 of Schedule II of the Act, in case employment is provided outside the radius of five kilometers from the village as specified in sub-paragraph (5) of paragraph 3 of Schedule II, such employment shall be provided within the Block, and the labourers shall be paid ten per cent of the wage rate as extra wages to meet additional transportation and living expenses.

2. Employment outside the five kilometer radius may be provided in the following circumstances: where no suitable work is available within the Gram Panchayat within five kilometers of the village, or where the works within the Gram Panchayat have already engaged the maximum number of workers possible and additional workers cannot be accommodated, or where the applicant specifically requests for work outside the village due to personal reasons, or where works of regional importance or Block-level works require labour from multiple Gram Panchayats.

3. Before providing employment outside the five kilometer radius, the Programme Officer shall obtain the consent of the workers concerned. Workers shall not be compelled to accept work at distant locations against their will. The Programme Officer shall explain to the workers the nature and location of the work, the distance involved, the facilities available at the worksite, and the payment of ten per cent extra wages for distant work.

4. Workers who are provided work beyond five kilometers shall be paid ten per cent of the wage rate as extra wages in addition to the normal wages. This extra payment is towards

transportation cost and additional expenses for living away from home. The extra wages shall be calculated on the basis of actual days worked and shall be paid along with the normal wages.

5. When workers are engaged in works outside the five kilometer radius, special attention shall be paid to providing adequate facilities at the worksite including drinking water, shade, first aid, toilets (separate for men and women), and creche facilities if women with small children are working. If the work location is very far and workers have to stay overnight or for extended periods, suitable arrangements for temporary shelter and cooking facilities shall be made.

6. Women workers shall generally not be sent for work beyond five kilometers unless they specifically agree to it and unless there are adequate safety and security arrangements. Preference shall always be given to providing work for women within the village or nearby so that they can balance their domestic responsibilities and do not face safety concerns.

7. In hilly and remote areas of Himachal Pradesh where villages are scattered and distances are long due to difficult terrain, the five kilometer radius criterion may be relaxed by the State Government after taking into account the local conditions. However, even in such cases, every effort shall be made to provide work as close to the worker's residence as possible, and the ten per cent extra wages shall be paid wherever work is provided beyond the normally accessible distance.

8. Workers provided with work beyond five kilometers shall be organized in groups so that they can travel together, work together, and support each other. Proper safety measures shall be ensured during travel to and from the worksite. In case of any accident or injury during travel or at the worksite, the provisions of paragraph 5 of Schedule II of the Act regarding welfare measures shall apply.

9. The Gram Panchayat and Programme Officer shall maintain a separate record of workers who have been provided employment beyond five kilometers, the extra wages paid to them, and any facilities or arrangements made for them. This information shall be displayed publicly and shall be subject to verification during social audit.

10. The payment of ten per cent extra wages for work beyond five kilometers shall be made from the wage component of the work, and shall be included in the total wage cost while calculating the labour-material ratio for the work. The payment shall be made along with regular wages through the same mechanism of direct credit to bank accounts or post office accounts of the workers.

4.4. Provisions for Employment of Women.—

1. In accordance with sub-paragraph (2) of paragraph 3 of Schedule II of the Act, priority shall be given to women in such a way that at least one-third of the beneficiaries under this Scheme shall be women who have registered and requested for work. This is a mandatory requirement and the Gram Panchayat and Programme Officer shall ensure that adequate employment opportunities are provided to women.

2. There shall be no discrimination solely on the ground of gender in the provision of employment under this Scheme, and the provisions of the Equal Remuneration Act, 1976 (25 of 1976) shall be complied with, as provided in paragraph 8 of Schedule II of the Act. Women workers shall be paid the same wage rate as men for the same work, and there shall be no gender-based wage discrimination.

3. Efforts shall be made to increase participation of single women and women with disabilities in the Scheme. Single women, women-headed households, widows, divorced women, separated women, and unmarried women above a certain age shall be given special priority in allocation of work. Similarly, women with disabilities shall be provided suitable work taking into account their physical limitations, and they shall be entitled to Special Gramin Rozgar Guarantee Cards.

4. Women workers shall be provided work preferably within the village or within walking distance from their homes so that they can balance their work under the Scheme with their household and family responsibilities. Works shall be planned and located in such a manner that women can easily access the worksite, work during convenient hours, and return home the same day.

5. At the worksite, special facilities shall be provided for women workers in accordance with paragraph 4 of Schedule II of the Act. Separate toilet facilities for women shall be provided at every worksite where women are working. The toilets shall be properly constructed, maintained in clean and hygienic condition, and shall provide privacy and dignity to women workers. Adequate water supply shall be ensured in the toilets.

6. In case the number of children below the age of five years accompanying the women working at any site is five or more, provisions shall be made to depute one of such women workers to look after such children, as provided in sub-paragraph (3) of paragraph 4 of Schedule II of the Act. The person so deputed shall be paid full wage rate for the work of looking after the children. This is an important provision to enable women with small children to work under the Scheme without having to worry about childcare.

7. Where women with small children are working at a worksite, a creche or child care facility shall be established at or near the worksite. The creche shall provide a safe, shaded, and clean space for children. Basic facilities such as mats, drinking water, and first aid shall be provided. The woman worker deputed to look after the children shall ensure that the children are kept safe, are given water when needed, and are protected from sun, rain, and other hazards.

8. Women workers shall be provided adequate shade and rest periods during work. Given the often strenuous nature of manual work and the additional burden that women carry due to household responsibilities, rest periods and shade become particularly important. Every worksite shall have adequate temporary shelters, sheds, or tarpaulins to provide shade from sun and protection from rain.

9. Women workers shall be organized in Self-Help Groups or workers' collectives to the extent possible. This helps in ensuring their safety, provides them collective bargaining power, enables them to raise grievances collectively, and creates a supportive work environment. The Gram Panchayat and Programme Officer shall encourage women workers to form groups and shall provide all necessary support.

10. Special awareness programs shall be conducted for women workers to inform them about their rights and entitlements under this Scheme including the right to equal wages, right to worksite facilities, right to creche facilities, right to unemployment allowance, right to grievance redressal, and right to participate in social audit. Such awareness programs may be conducted in collaboration with women's organizations, Self-Help Group federations, and civil society organizations.

11. Any instance of discrimination against women workers, harassment of women workers, misbehaviour with women workers, or violation of rights of women workers shall be

taken very seriously and strict action shall be taken against the erring officials or workers. Women workers shall be provided a safe and secure work environment free from any form of harassment or exploitation.

12. The participation of women in planning, implementation and monitoring of works shall be ensured. Women shall be represented in Ward Sabhas, Gram Sabhas, and Vigilance and Monitoring Committees. Women workers shall be encouraged to participate in social audits and to raise their voice against any irregularities or violations. The empowerment of women through this Scheme shall be an important objective.

13. Women workers shall be given priority in works creating individual assets on their own land or homestead, as provided under paragraph 4(6) of Schedule I of the Act. Women-headed households shall be prioritized for works such as construction of houses under PMAY-G, construction of sanitation facilities, orchard development, construction of cattle sheds, construction of farm ponds, and other livelihood-enhancing works on their land.

14. The Gram Panchayat and Programme Officer shall maintain sex-disaggregated data on all aspects of the Scheme including registration, applications for work, employment provided, person-days generated, wages paid, unemployment allowance paid, and grievances received. This data shall be analyzed regularly to assess women's participation and to take corrective measures if women's participation is less than one-third.

4.5. Provisions for Employment of Elderly Persons and Persons with Disabilities.—

1. Elderly persons (above sixty years) and persons with disabilities have equal right to apply for work and to receive employment under this Scheme. However, recognizing their physical limitations and special needs, the following special provisions shall apply for their employment.

2. The State Government may, subject to the Act and operational guidelines issued by the Central Government, prescribe suitable work norms, productivity benchmarks or facilitative measures for women, elderly persons, persons with disabilities and persons with debilitating ailments so as to facilitate their meaningful participation under the Scheme.

3. While allocating work to elderly persons and persons with disabilities, the Gram Panchayat and Programme Officer shall take care to allot work which is suitable to their physical capacity and which does not involve heavy manual labour or hazardous conditions. For example, elderly persons may be given light work such as watering of plants, cleaning, unskilled assistance in measurements, watching over materials, or any other work which does not require heavy physical exertion. Similarly, persons with disabilities shall be given work suited to their particular disability and capacity.

4. For persons with disabilities, the type and percentage of disability shall be ascertained from the disability certificate issued by competent medical authority. Based on the nature of disability (physical disability, visual impairment, hearing impairment, intellectual disability, multiple disabilities, etc.) and the percentage of disability, suitable work shall be identified and allotted. For instance, a person with locomotor disability affecting lower limbs but having functional upper limbs may be given work involving use of hands rather than work requiring walking or standing for long hours.

5. Work norms and output expectations for elderly persons and persons with disabilities shall be revised taking into account their limitations. They shall not be expected to complete the same quantum of work as able-bodied adult workers. The wages shall be linked to their output, but

the Schedule of Rates shall be so framed that they can earn reasonable wages by working according to their capacity. In no case shall they be paid less than the prescribed wage rate if they have worked for the stipulated hours, even if their output is less.

6. Elderly persons and persons with disabilities shall be provided work close to their residence, preferably within the village or within short walking distance. They shall not be sent for work beyond five kilometers except with their consent and unless suitable transportation and other facilities are provided. Every effort shall be made to bring work to their doorstep rather than requiring them to travel long distances.

7. At the worksite, special facilities and assistance shall be provided to elderly persons and persons with disabilities. Adequate seating arrangements, easy access to drinking water and toilets, assistance in performing tasks, and any other support required shall be provided. Co-workers and supervisors shall be sensitized to be supportive and helpful towards elderly and disabled workers.

8. The working hours for elderly persons and persons with disabilities may be made flexible taking into account their stamina and health conditions. If they are unable to work for eight hours continuously, they may be permitted to work for lesser hours or to take more frequent rest breaks. However, they shall be paid wages proportionate to the hours worked and the output achieved.

9. Elderly persons and persons with disabilities shall be given priority in certain types of works which are particularly suitable for them and which provide them opportunity for productive engagement.

10. Elderly persons and persons with disabilities shall be encouraged to participate in planning and monitoring of works. They shall be included in Ward Sabhas, Gram Sabhas, Vigilance and Monitoring Committees, and social audit processes. Their views and suggestions on making worksites more accessible and making work more suitable for persons with reduced physical capacity shall be solicited and implemented.

11. Elderly persons and persons with disabilities shall be given priority in works creating individual assets on their own land or homestead, as provided under paragraph 4(6) of Schedule I of the Act. They shall be prioritized for works such as construction of houses under PMAY-G, construction of accessible sanitation facilities, orchard development, construction of cattle sheds, construction of farm ponds, and other works which can provide them sustainable livelihood and improve their quality of life.

12. Households headed by persons with disabilities shall be given priority in all aspects of the Scheme including registration, work allocation, selection for individual beneficiary works, and grievance redressal. Special proactive efforts shall be made by the Gram Panchayat and Gram Rozgar Sahayak to identify such households, encourage them to register, and provide them employment and other benefits under the Scheme.

13. The Gram Panchayat and Programme Officer shall maintain separate data on employment provided to elderly persons and persons with disabilities, wages paid to them, and their feedback on the work and facilities. This data shall be analyzed to assess the inclusion of these vulnerable groups and to take measures for improving their participation and ensuring their rights.

14. Any instance of discrimination, harassment, or exploitation of elderly persons or persons with disabilities shall be dealt with strictly. They shall be provided a dignified and

respectful work environment. Awareness programs shall be conducted for all workers and officials to sensitize them about the rights and needs of elderly and disabled persons and to create an inclusive and supportive work culture.

CHAPTER V: MUSTER ROLLS, ATTENDANCE AND MEASUREMENT

5.1 Muster Rolls.—

1. All muster rolls for works undertaken under this Scheme shall be maintained exclusively through digital systems and shall comply with the following requirements:—

- (a) Each muster roll shall be maintained in Hindi/English and shall bear a unique electronically generated identity number (e-muster) issued through the Management Information System (MIS) designated by the Central Government.
- (b) The muster roll shall include the names of all workers who have demanded or been allocated work under the Scheme and shall be authenticated by the authorised functionary of the Gram Panchayat or the Programme Officer, as the case may be.
- (c) e-Muster rolls shall be processed by officials in the manner stipulated under the relevant operational guidelines issued by the Central Government from time to time.
- (d) No muster roll shall be maintained or processed in manual or offline mode except in circumstances of documented technical failure, and such instances shall be reported immediately to the Programme Officer and regularised through the MIS within such period as may be specified by the State Government. Provided that manual or offline measurement records may be temporarily maintained in circumstances permitted under this Scheme or under directions issued by the State Government, subject to subsequent digitisation and verification.

2. Notwithstanding anything contained in this Scheme relating to mandatory digital systems, biometric attendance, online muster rolls or electronic processing, the State Government may, for reasons to be recorded in writing, permit temporary offline or hybrid procedures in respect of notified low-connectivity, tribal, snow-bound, disaster-affected or remote areas, subject to subsequent synchronization with the designated Management Information System within such period as may be specified by the State Government. Such temporary relaxation shall not dilute transparency, accountability, measurement standards or audit requirements under the Act.

3. The Programme Officer shall supply each Gram Panchayat with muster rolls for works sanctioned to be executed by it, and shall ensure that such muster rolls are available at the worksite prior to commencement of work.

4. All muster rolls relating to works under this Scheme shall be made available for public scrutiny free of cost, and any person desirous of obtaining a copy or relevant extracts therefrom may be provided such copies on demand not later than three working days from the date of receipt of the application.

5.2 Attendance Recording.—

1. Attendance at every worksite shall be recorded daily by an authorised person using biometric attendance systems/ Face authentication using NMMS, as may be specified by the Central Government.

2. All attendance details shall be made available for public viewing on a daily basis through the designated Management Information System, in accordance with the transparency framework established under the Act.

3. No proxy attendance shall be permitted under any circumstances. Any functionary found to have recorded or facilitated proxy attendance shall be liable to action under section 27 of the Act.

5.3 Measurement of Work.—

1. Payment of wages under this Scheme shall be made only on the basis of measurements of work taken at the worksite by authorised technical personnel within three days of the closure of the muster roll.

2. All measurements shall be recorded digitally through systems integrated with the designated Management Information System, and no manual or offline measurement record shall be accepted except in cases of documented technical failure, which shall be regularised within such period as may be specified by the State Government.

3. The State Government shall ensure the deployment of adequate technical personnel at the worksite level to enable timely and accurate measurement. Suitable persons may be trained and deployed with delegated technical responsibilities, and such persons shall be paid wages at skilled rates as notified.

4. Measurement records of each work and details of the workers engaged thereon shall be available for public inspection at the worksite and at the office of the Gram Panchayat.

5. Wages without any gender bias shall be linked to the quantum of work completed, in accordance with the Rural Schedule of Rates notified by the State Government on the basis of time-and-motion studies for different types of work and different seasons, and revised periodically.

6. The Schedule of Rates shall be framed so that an adult person working for eight hours, inclusive of one hour of rest, can earn an amount equivalent to the notified wage rate. Working hours of an adult worker may be flexible but shall not extend beyond twelve hours in a day, including intervals for rest.

CHAPTER VI :ESTIMATE, SANCTIONING AND WORK EXECUTION

6.1 Technical Estimates and Standards for Works.—

1. Every work under this Scheme shall have a technical estimate and design sanctioned by an authority authorised by the State Government, based on the framework aligned with the Viksit Bharat National Rural Infrastructure Stack.

2. Works taken up under the Scheme shall be of a durable nature and shall meet technical standards and specifications, if any, prescribed for the concerned work or area.

3. Efforts shall be made to utilise local materials and cost-effective and disaster-resistant technology developed by various institutions and as applicable to the area; and for works involving construction, appropriate labour-intensive technologies shall be employed to the extent feasible.

4. Bills of quantities shall use clear and commonly understood terminology to ensure transparency for all stakeholders.

5. Each work shall have a summary of the estimate, design and a technical note indicating the expected outputs and outcomes.

6. All technical estimates, designs and outcome notes shall be generated or uploaded through digital systems integrated with the designated management information system.

6.2 Administrative and Financial Sanctions.—

1. Works finalised at the Gram Panchayat level through the approved Viksit Gram Panchayat Plan and aggregated at the Block and District levels shall be accorded administrative or financial sanction by the competent authority as per the requirements and within thirty days.

2. The State Government may, by separate notification or executive instructions, prescribe the financial powers, technical sanction limits, administrative approval hierarchy and digital workflow architecture for approval and execution of works under the Scheme.

3. Annual plans would be prepared on the basis of the normative allocation

4. The sanctioning authorities shall ensure that—

- (a) the proposed works are drawn exclusively from the approved Viksit Gram Panchayat Plan;
- (b) the works are consistent with thematic domains and the Viksit Bharat National Rural Infrastructure Stack; and
- (c) all sanctioned works are taken up through the designated digital portal under the Act.

6.3 Material Component.—For all works undertaken under this Scheme (except individual works), the cost of the material component shall not exceed forty percent at the Block level.

6.4 Wage Linkage to Output and Schedule of Rates.—The State Government shall ensure that wages without any gender bias are linked to the quantum of work completed, in accordance with the Rural Schedule of Rates notified on the basis of time-and-motion studies for different types of work and different seasons, and revised periodically.

6.5 Working Hours and Earning Norms.—The Schedule of Rates shall be framed so that an adult person working for eight hours, inclusive of one hour of rest, can earn an amount equivalent to the notified wage rate. Working hours of an adult worker may be flexible but shall not extend beyond twelve hours in a day, including intervals for rest.

6.6 Inspection and Quality Control.—The State Government shall ensure regular inspection and supervision of works by designated quality-control teams to verify adherence to quality standards, accuracy of measurements and conformity of wage payments to the actual quantum of work executed. Inspection reports shall be uploaded to the management information system.

6.7 Completion of Ongoing Works.—At the time of opening new works, it shall be ensured that ongoing or incomplete works are prioritised for completion, subject to planning norms and the approved Viksit Gram Panchayat Plans.

6.8 Execution Without Contractors.—

1. No contractor shall be engaged for the execution of any work or component financed through expenditure under this Act. All such works shall be executed directly by the implementing agencies in accordance with the processes laid down under the Scheme, including mandatory proactive disclosures and the social audit process.

2. In cases of convergence where components of a work are financed under other schemes, the execution of those components may follow the norms of the converging scheme, including the use of contractors where permitted. Provided that convergence under other schemes shall supplement and strengthen the objectives of livelihood security and employment generation under the Act and shall not result in substitution or dilution of wage-employment opportunities otherwise admissible under the Scheme.

3. As far as practicable, works executed by the programme implementation agencies shall be performed by using manual labour and no labour displacing machines shall be used.

4. At least fifty per cent. of the works in terms of its cost shall be allocated to Gram Panchayats for execution.

6.9 Transparent Procurement of Materials.—All materials required for the execution of works shall be procured by the Gram Panchayat or the implementing agency through transparent procurement systems, as specified by the State Government.

CHAPTER VII : CATEGORIES OF WORKS & ELIGIBILITY CRITERIA FOR INDIVIDUAL BENEFICIARY WORK

7.1 Works and Categories under the Scheme.—**1. Focus of the Scheme**

The Scheme shall focus on works identified in the Viksit Gram Panchayat Plans (VGPPs) and aggregated into the Viksit Bharat National Rural Infrastructure Stack (VB–NRIS). All works under the Scheme shall originate from the Viksit Gram Panchayat Plans prepared by Gram Panchayats and consolidated at the Block, District and State levels, in accordance with sub-section (1) of section 4 of the Act.

2. Classification of Works — Four Thematic Categories

Works to be taken up under the Scheme shall fall under the following four Categories, together with their thematic focus and intended outcomes, in accordance with Para 4 of Schedule I of the Act. The detailed permissible list of works under each Category shall be as notified by the Central Government:

Category	Thematic Domain	Intended Outcome
I — Water Security	Conservation, irrigation, groundwater recharge, watershed development, afforestation and decentralised water harvesting	Integrated water resource management for long-term climate resilience

Category	Thematic Domain	Intended Outcome
II — Core Rural Infrastructure	Roads, public buildings, schools, WASH, sanitation, renewable energy, housing (PMAY-G) and JJM maintenance	Foundational civic & social infrastructure for improved quality of life in rural areas
III — Livelihood-Related Infrastructure	Agriculture, livestock, fisheries, SHGs, market linkages, plantation, agri-value chain and processing units	Sustainable livelihoods, value addition, enterprise development and self-reliant rural economies
IV — Disaster & Extreme Weather Mitigation	Climate adaptation, flood/cyclone protection, embankments, post-disaster restoration and forest fire management	Climate-resilient villages capable of withstanding extreme weather conditions

3. CATEGORY I — WATER-RELATED WORKS (FOR WATER SECURITY)

The focus of Category I works shall include conservation, irrigation, groundwater recharge, source sustainability, rejuvenation of water bodies, watershed development, afforestation and decentralised water harvesting systems. Illustrative works under Category I include:

- (1) Construction of canals, flood or diversion channels, check dams, gully plugs and underground dykes.
- (2) Construction or rejuvenation of ponds, percolation tanks, recharge pits, recharge shafts, injection wells and associated water harvesting structures.
- (3) Irrigation open wells, micro-irrigation channels and field water distribution systems
- (4) Reclamation of community waterlogged land
- (5) Afforestation and plantation works linked with soil and moisture conservation
- (6) Rooftop rainwater harvesting and other decentralised recharge systems.

Intended Outcome:— Strengthening of water security through integrated water resource management, recharge and conservation for long-term climate resilience.

4. CATEGORY II — CORE RURAL INFRASTRUCTURE

The thematic focus of Category II shall include core civic, social, governance and service-delivery infrastructure relating to education, health, drinking water, sanitation, connectivity, renewable energy, housing and community services. Illustrative works under Category II include:

- (1) Construction or upgradation of rural roads, culverts, cross-drainage structures and village connectivity facilities.
- (2) Construction of Gram Panchayat Bhawans, Anganwadi centres, rural libraries and other public buildings.

- (3) Construction of school infrastructure, including kitchen sheds, additional classrooms, laboratories, compound walls and playgrounds.
- (4) Crematoria and community infrastructure
- (5) Solid and liquid waste management assets, including stabilising ponds, community sanitary complexes, and waste segregation and collection centres.
- (6) Installation of solar lighting systems and other renewable rural energy infrastructure
- (7) Village parking areas, transport sheds and other common rural amenities
- (8) Rural housing works permissible under the schemes of the Central Government, including those permitted under the Pradhan Mantri Awas Yojana — Gramin.
- (9) Repair and maintenance of works created under the Jal Jeevan Mission for ensuring water supply.

Intended Outcome:—Creation of foundational civic and social infrastructure ensuring basic amenities, improved service access and enhanced quality of life in rural areas.

5. CATEGORY III — LIVELIHOOD-RELATED INFRASTRUCTURE

The thematic focus of Category III shall include productive assets and facilities that enhance rural livelihoods through agriculture, livestock, fisheries, value addition, skilling and enterprise development. Illustrative works under Category III include:

- (1) Construction of training-*cum*-skill development centres and work sheds for livelihood activities.
- (2) Rural haats or weekly markets and other market infrastructure
- (3) Food grain storage buildings, agricultural produce storage structures, cold storage units and other agri-value chain infrastructure.
- (4) Buildings for Self Help Groups and federation-level institutions
- (5) Compost structures, including vermicompost and NADEP units
- (6) Development of silvipasture grasslands, dairy infrastructure and shelters for cattle, goats, pigs, poultry and other livestock.
- (7) Fisheries-related infrastructure, including fish drying yards
- (8) Raising of nurseries and production of building material
- (9) Integrated projects promoting circular and cyclical economy models, as may be approved by the Central Government.

Intended Outcome:—Strengthening of sustainable livelihoods, value addition, enterprise development and self-reliant rural economies.

6. CATEGORY IV — SPECIAL WORKS TO MITIGATE EXTREME WEATHER EVENTS AND DISASTER PREPAREDNESS

The thematic focus of Category IV shall include disaster risk reduction, climate adaptation, and protection of rural communities and assets from floods, cyclones, storms, droughts, landslides, forest fires and other extreme weather events. Illustrative works under Category IV include:

- (1) Construction of cyclone shelters, flood shelters and multipurpose disaster-resilient structures.
- (2) Construction of diversion channels, embankments and other disaster-mitigation works.
- (3) Stabilising ponds and water structures for flood management
- (4) Post-disaster rehabilitation, restoration and repair of rural roads and community assets.
- (5) Windbreak and shelterbelt plantations.
- (6) Forest fire management works, including fire breaks, fuel buffer zones and allied measures.

Intended Outcome:—Creation of climate-resilient villages capable of withstanding extreme weather conditions.

7. Additional Works and Maintenance.—

- (a) Any Other Public Work Notified by the Central Government: Any other public work notified by the Central Government from time to time, in accordance with Para 4(3) of Schedule I of the Act, shall be deemed permissible under the Scheme upon such notification.
- (b) Maintenance of Rural Public Assets: Maintenance of rural public assets created under the Act is permissible, in accordance with Para 4(4) of Schedule I of the Act. State Governments shall ensure that maintenance needs are identified in the Viksit Gram Panchayat Plan and approved by the Programme Officer before execution.

8. Individual Beneficiary Works.—

- A. Works for individual beneficiaries — including but not limited to housing-related works under the Pradhan Mantri Awaas Yojana—Gramin (PMAY-G), sanitation-related works, and other beneficiary-oriented developmental works undertaken under various schemes of the Central Government from time to time—may also be taken up under the Scheme, subject to the following conditions:
 - (a) The Central Government has expressly notified such works for inclusion under the Scheme.
 - (b) The eligibility of beneficiaries shall be as notified by the Central Government, aligned with the eligibility criteria specified under the respective Central Government schemes.

- (c) All such works shall conform to the norms, standards and guidelines issued by the Central Government.
- (d) Such works shall be reflected in the approved Viksit Gram Panchayat Plan and sanctioned by the Programme Officer before execution.

B. Eligibility Criteria for Individual Beneficiary Works.—

Works creating individual assets, as notified by the Central Government, shall be prioritised on land or homestead owned by households in the following order of priority, in accordance with Para 4(6) of Schedule I of the Act:

Sl.	Category of Beneficiary	Priority
(a)	Scheduled Castes	Priority I
(b)	Scheduled Tribes	Priority I
(c)	Nomadic Tribes	Priority I
(d)	De-notified Tribes	Priority I
(e)	Economically Weaker Sections (EWS) — as per Central Govt. criteria.	Priority I
(f)	Women-headed Households	Priority I
(g)	Households headed by Persons with Disabilities	Priority I
(h)	Beneficiaries of Land Reforms	Priority I
(i)	Beneficiaries under Pradhan Mantri Awaas Yojana — Gramin (PMAY-G).	Priority I
(j)	Beneficiaries under the Scheduled Tribes & Other Traditional Forest Dwellers (Recognition of Forest Rights) Act, 2006 (2 of 2007).	Priority I
—	Small or Marginal Farmers — after exhausting Priority I categories above	Priority II

After exhausting all eligible beneficiaries under Priority I categories listed above, works may be taken up on the lands of small or marginal farmers (Priority II), identified on the basis of criteria notified by the Central Government, subject to the following mandatory conditions: (i) such households possess a valid Gramin Rozgar Guarantee Card; and (ii) at least one adult member of the household is willing to work on the project undertaken on their land or homestead.

C. Procedural Conditions for Individual Beneficiary Works :—The following procedural conditions shall be complied with for all individual beneficiary works:

- (1) Works shall be sanctioned only from the approved Viksit Gram Panchayat Plan
- (2) Administrative and financial sanction shall be accorded by the competent authority within thirty days of finalisation of the work at the Gram Panchayat level.
- (3) Eligibility of beneficiaries shall be verified before commencement of work and documentary proof of land ownership or entitlement maintained on record.

- (4) At least one adult member of the beneficiary household shall be employed on the work, and their attendance recorded through biometric systems.
- (5) Wage component must be segregated from material cost. Material cost shall not exceed forty per cent of the total project cost at the work level for individual works.
- (6) All works shall be geo-tagged — before, during and after completion — and uploaded on the designated MIS portal.
- (7) Measurement of work shall be taken by authorised technical personnel within three days of closure of the muster roll.
- (8) Works shall be subject to social audit by the Gram Sabha at least once every six months.
- (9) Any irregularity noticed during inspection, social audit or evaluation shall be reported immediately and recovery proceedings initiated without delay.

D. Linkage with Central Government Schemes.—Individual beneficiary works under the Scheme shall be implemented in convergence with relevant Central Government schemes, including but not limited to:

Central Government Scheme	Type of Convergence Work	Beneficiary Category
Pradhan Mantri Awaas Yojana — Gramin (PMAY-G)	House construction — unskilled labour component	PMAY-G beneficiaries (Priority I)
Swachh Bharat Mission (Gramin)	Individual Household Latrines (IHHL)	BPL / Priority I households
National Rural Livelihoods Mission (NRLM)	Work sheds, compost pits, livestock shelters for SHG members	SHG members (Priority I)
Scheduled Tribes & Forest Rights Act, 2006	Land development, horticulture, afforestation on forest rights land	Forest rights holders (Priority I)
Any other scheme notified by MoRD	As notified from time to time	As per Central Govt. notification

E. Special Provisions for Vulnerable Groups.—In case of individual beneficiary works involving households holding a Special Gramin Rozgar Guarantee Card (issued under Schedule II of the Act), the following additional protections shall apply :—

- (1) Priority allotment of work shall be ensured within the stipulated fifteen-day period from the date of demand.
- (2) A separate Schedule of Rates shall be applied for women, elderly persons, persons with disabilities and persons with debilitating ailments, as finalised under Para 18 of Schedule I of the Act.

- (3) Worksite facilities including drinking water, shade, rest periods and first-aid shall be mandatorily provided at every worksite.
- (4) Female Programme Officers or designated women functionaries shall be deployed for worksite management where the majority of workers are women.
- (5) The State Government shall proactively identify the requirements of Vulnerable Groups and ensure that their work is prioritised.

CHAPTER VIII: STATE INSTITUTIONAL FRAMEWORK

The State Institutional Framework constitutes the governance architecture through which the Viksit Bharat—Guarantee for Rozgar and Ajeevika Mission (Gramin) [VB–G RAM G] Scheme is planned, implemented, monitored and made accountable at every tier of the State administration. This Chapter, read with the VB–G RAM G Act, 2025, establishes the mandate, composition, functions and inter-relationships of all key authorities from the State Council down to the Gram Panchayat and the Gram Sabha.

8.1 State Gramin Rozgar Guarantee Council.—

8.1.1 Constitution.—

At the State level, there shall be constituted a State Gramin Rozgar Guarantee Council, to be designated as the "Himachal Pradesh State Gramin Rozgar Guarantee Council" (hereinafter "the State Council"). The State Council shall be constituted by notification in the Official Gazette and shall serve as the apex advisory and monitoring body for implementation of the Scheme within the State.

8.1.2 Composition.—

The State Council shall have a State-level General Assembly, comprising the following office-bearers and members:

- (i) Minister, Rural Development and Panchayati Raj— Chairperson
- (ii) Additional Chief Secretary/ Principal Secretary/ Secretary, Rural Development— Vice–Chairperson
- (iii) Secretary of Departments of Finance, Forest, Jal Shakti, Revenue, Public Works, Agriculture, Animal Husbandry, Environment, Tribal Welfare, Labour, Horticulture, Health and Family Welfare, Empowerment of SCs, OBCs, Minorities & the Specially Abled and Other Department.
- (iv) Commissioner / Director, VB–G RAM G Scheme — Member Secretary
- (v) Not less than fifteen non-official members nominated by the State Government, drawn from Panchayati Raj Institutions, organisations representing workers and weaker sections of society: Provided that not less than one-third of the non-official members shall be women; and Provided further that not less than one-third shall belong to the Scheduled Castes, the Scheduled Tribes, the Other Backward Classes and Minorities.

The terms and conditions of appointment of the Chairperson and members, quorum, time, place and procedure of meetings of the State Council shall be notified separately as Rules by the State Government in exercise of powers under Section 34(2)(c) of the Act.

8.1.3 Functions and Duties.—The Himachal Pradesh State Gramin Rozgar Guarantee Council shall perform the following duties and functions:

- (i) Advise the State Government on all matters concerning the Scheme and its implementation in the State.
- (ii) Review the monitoring and grievance redressal mechanisms from time to time and recommend improvements.
- (iii) Monitor the implementation of the Act and the Scheme in the State, and coordinate such implementation with the Central Gramin Rozgar Guarantee Council.
- (iv) Prepare the annual report to be laid before the State Legislature by the State Government.
- (v) Undertake or cause to be undertaken an evaluation of the Scheme operating in the State, and for that purpose collect or cause to be collected statistics pertaining to the rural economy and the implementation of the Scheme and Programmes in the State.
- (vi) Perform any other duty or function as may be assigned to it by the Central Council or the State Government.

8.2 State Level Steering Committee.—

8.2.1 Constitution and Purpose.—The State Government shall constitute a State Level Steering Committee (hereinafter 'SLSC') to provide operational guidance and coordination, and to monitor the implementation of the Scheme at the State level. The SLSC shall be the primary inter-departmental coordination mechanism under the Scheme.

8.2.2 Composition.—The SLSC shall be presided over by the ACS/Principal Secretary/ Secretary heading the Rural Development Department, and shall comprise the following members:

- (i) ACS/ Principal Secretaries or Secretaries of the Departments of Finance, Forest, Jal Shakti, Revenue, Public Works, Agriculture, Tribal Welfare, Labour, Animal Husbandry, Environment, Horticulture, Health and Family Welfare, Empowerment of SCs, OBCs, Minorities & the Specially Abled and Other Department, or their nominees.
- (ii) The Director Rural Development and Panchayati Raj/ Commissioner VB-G RAM G (Member Secretary)
- (iii) Such number of subject-matter experts as may be determined by the State Government

- (iv) Representatives of technical or research institutions as may be determined by the State Government.
- (v) One member nominated by the Department of Rural Development, Ministry of Rural Development, Government of India.

8.2.3 Functions.—The State Level Steering Committee shall:—

- (i) Oversee State-wide planning and convergence with other programmes and schemes, ensuring alignment with the Viksit Bharat National Rural Infrastructure Stack.
- (ii) Review district-level performance and ensure timely preparation and approval of the aggregate State Plan.
- (iii) Coordinate with the National Level Steering Committee and implement directions issued therefrom.
- (iv) Support digital systems, monitoring arrangements, geospatial infrastructure, and process improvements at the State level.
- (v) Approve the aggregate State Plan prepared by consolidating district plans, prior to submission to the Central Government.
- (vi) Perform such other functions as may be assigned to it by the State Government.

8.3 Panchayati Raj Institutions.—The Panchayats at the district, intermediate and village levels shall be the principal authorities for planning, implementation and monitoring of the Scheme made under this Act, in accordance with the roles specified below.

8.3.1 District Panchayat (Zila Parishad).—The Panchayat at the district level shall:

- (i) Oversee and coordinate implementation of the Scheme across all Gram Panchayats within the district.
- (ii) Finalise and approve the aggregate district-level plan compiled from Block plans and Viksit Gram Panchayat Plans.
- (iii) Supervise and monitor all works sanctioned and executed within the district.
- (iv) Ensure convergence of the Scheme with other Central and State programmes at the district level.
- (v) Perform such other functions as may be assigned to it by the State Government.

8.3.2 Panchayat Samiti/Block Panchayat.—The Panchayat at the intermediate level shall:

- (i) Prepare and finalise the aggregate Block-level plan by consolidating the approved Viksit Gram Panchayat Plans of all Gram Panchayats within the Block.
- (ii) Support Gram Panchayats in the preparation of Viksit Gram Panchayat Plans and in the execution of sanctioned works.
- (iii) Supervise works at both the Gram Panchayat level and the Block level.

- (iv) Facilitate convergence with line departments of the State Government for saturation-based planning.
- (v) Annual plans shall be prepared on the basis of the normative allocation communicated by the Central Government for the respective financial year.

8.3.3 Gram Panchayat.—The Gram Panchayat shall be the primary implementing body at the village level and shall be responsible for:—

- (i) Registration of households and issuance of Gramin Rozgar Guarantee Cards in accordance with the provisions of Schedule-II to the Act.
- (ii) Receiving work applications and maintaining records of Gramin Rozgar Guarantee Cards issued.
- (iii) Preparing the Viksit Gram Panchayat Plan (VGPP) on a saturation basis, after considering recommendations of the Gram Sabha and Ward Sabhas and keeping in view the demand for works, using GIS-based tools, PM Gati Shakti layers and other digital public infrastructure.
- (iv) Executing works allotted to it by the Programme Officer; provided that the Programme Officer shall allocate at least fifty per cent of the cost of works under the Scheme to be implemented through Gram Panchayats.
- (v) Allocating employment opportunities among applicants and directing them to report for work within the stipulated timelines.
- (vi) Ensuring that works taken up meet the required technical standards and measurements as specified by the State Government.
- (vii) Maintaining muster rolls, registers, vouchers and all other documents in physical and electronic form as specified in the Scheme and the management information system.
- (viii) Taking up any work under the Scheme from the approved Viksit Gram Panchayat Plan within the area of the Gram Panchayat, as sanctioned by the Programme Officer.
- (ix) Preparing annual plans on the basis of the normative allocation determined for the financial year.

8.4. District Programme Coordinator

8.4.1 Designation.—The District Collector shall be designated as the District Programme Coordinator (hereinafter 'DPC') for the implementation of the Scheme in the respective district. The DPC shall be the principal district-level authority responsible for coordinating, monitoring and ensuring effective implementation of the Scheme.

8.4.2 Functions.—The District Programme Coordinator shall perform the following functions:—

- (i) Consolidate and finalise the aggregate district plan by compiling approved Viksit Gram Panchayat Plans, aggregated Block Plans and proposals received from the

Zila Panchayat, and oversee convergence, implementation and monitoring of the Scheme at the district level.

- (ii) Ensure compliance with the provisions of the Act and the Scheme, and with directions and guidelines issued by the Central Government and the State Government; accord administrative sanctions and clearances as required for timely and effective implementation, including those relating to digital, geospatial and monitoring systems.
- (iii) Coordinate with Programme Officers; review, monitor and supervise their performance using the monitoring framework, management information system and accountability mechanisms established under the Act and the Scheme.
- (iv) Conduct periodic inspections of works undertaken under the Scheme; ensure adherence to quality and productivity standards; and redress grievances of applicants through digital public infrastructure and designated grievance redressal systems as notified by the Central Government.
- (v) Ensure the operationalisation of the compensation payment system for delayed wages, including tracking delays through the management information system and initiating timely recovery of compensation from responsible functionaries.
- (vi) Supervise the conduct of social audits and take prompt action on audit findings within the time limits prescribed.
- (vii) Lodge First Information Reports and initiate necessary legal proceedings where prima facie evidence of financial irregularity is established.

All Programme Officers, other officers of the State Government and local authorities functioning within the district shall assist the District Programme Coordinator in carrying out his functions under the Act (Section 17(4), Act).

8.5 Programme Officer.—

8.5.1 Designation.—At every Panchayat at intermediate level, the Block Development Officer shall be designated as the Programme Officer (hereinafter 'PO'). The Programme Officer shall function under the direction, control and superintendence of the District Programme Coordinator.

8.5.2 Core Responsibility.—The Programme Officer shall be responsible for matching the demand for employment with the employment opportunities arising from works within the Block, and for ensuring the smooth operation of all Scheme activities at the Block level.

8.5.3 Functions.—Without prejudice to the generality of the above, the Programme Officer shall.—

- (i) Prepare an aggregate plan for the Block by consolidating the approved Viksit Gram Panchayat Plans and proposals received from the Intermediate Panchayat.

- (ii) Monitor all works and projects undertaken by Gram Panchayats and other implementing agencies within the Block, ensuring alignment with the Viksit Gram Panchayat Plans.
- (iii) Sanction and ensure payment of unemployment allowance to eligible households within the Block in accordance with the provisions of the Act and the Scheme.
- (iv) Ensure prompt and fair payment of wages to all labourers employed under the Scheme within the Block, including through digital and biometric-authenticated payment systems as specified by the Central Government.
- (v) Ensure that regular social audits of all works within the jurisdiction of each Gram Panchayat are conducted by the Gram Sabha, and that timely and appropriate action is taken on objections and findings arising therefrom.
- (vi) Deal promptly with all complaints and grievances relating to the implementation of the Scheme within the Block, through the grievance redressal mechanism established under Section 25 of the Act.
- (vii) Ensure geo-tagging, digital recording and management information system reporting of all works within the Block, in compliance with the monitoring, productivity and transparency framework specified by the Central Government.
- (viii) Facilitate inter-departmental convergence at the Block level to support saturation-driven planning and execution of works.
- (ix) Supply each Gram Panchayat with muster rolls for sanctioned works and a list of employment opportunities available to residents within and outside the Gram Panchayat.
- (x) Perform any other function as may be assigned by the District Programme Coordinator or the State Government under the Act.

8.6. Administrative Responsibilities of Gram Panchayat.—In addition to its planning and execution functions noted above, the Gram Panchayat shall discharge the following administrative responsibilities:—

- (i) Receive and compulsorily register applications for work from all registered adult members; issue dated receipts; and enter all applications in the designated digital platform.
- (ii) Allocate employment opportunities among applicants and communicate allocation in writing or through digital means within the timelines prescribed.
- (iii) Display on its notice board: the list of persons provided work; the details of sanctioned works; wage payments; and other information as required under the proactive disclosure framework.
- (iv) Conduct weekly disclosure meetings in the Gram Panchayat Bhawan to present before the community the status of works, payments, grievances and other relevant information.

- (v) Make available to the Gram Sabha all records and documents required for the conduct of social audit, including muster rolls, bills, vouchers, measurement books, sanction orders, digital records, geo-tagged photographs and all other connected books of account, whether maintained in physical or electronic form.
- (vi) Ensure that at least one-third of administrative costs allocated at the Gram Panchayat level are utilised to employ and pay the Gram Rozgar Sahayak and other technical personnel.
- (vii) Prepare an annual report detailing facts, figures and achievements relating to the implementation of the Scheme, and make it available for public inspection free of cost.
- (viii) Maintain all accounts and records, including muster rolls, for public scrutiny free of cost; provide copies or relevant extracts within three working days of receipt of application.

8.7 Social Audit by the Gram Sabha.—

8.7.1 Mandate.—The Gram Sabha shall be the primary institution for community oversight and shall monitor and review the execution of all works undertaken under the Scheme within the jurisdiction of the Gram Panchayat. Social audit shall be a mandatory, continuous process and not a one-time activity.

8.7.2 Frequency and Procedure.—

1. All works, expenditures and guarantees under the Scheme shall be subject to social audit at least once every six months.
2. The procedure, standards and modalities for conducting social audits shall be as prescribed in the Rules notified by the Central Government under the Act.
3. Until such Rules are notified, the provisions of the Mahatma Gandhi National Rural Employment Guarantee Audit of Schemes Rules, 2011 shall, mutatis mutandis, apply to the conduct of social audits under the Scheme.

8.7.3 Record Access.—The Gram Panchayat shall make available to the Gram Sabha, without delay, all records and documents required for the conduct of social audit, including:

- (i) Muster rolls, bills and vouchers
- (ii) Measurement books and sanction orders
- (iii) Digital records and geo-tagged photographs
- (iv) All connected books of account and papers, whether maintained in physical or electronic form.

8.7.4 Compliance with Findings.—

1. Findings of the social audit shall be placed before the Gram Sabha

2. Corrective and recovery actions shall be initiated without delay upon receipt of audit findings.
3. Action-taken reports shall be recorded in the management information system.
4. Any misappropriation of amounts identified during the social audit shall be recoverable under the relevant revenue recovery laws prevailing in the State. The portion of such recoveries pertaining to the Central share shall be remitted to the Consolidated Fund of India.

8.8 Staffing Support and State Responsibilities.—The State Government shall provide the necessary staff and technical support to the District Programme Coordinator and the Programme Officer as may be required for the effective implementation of the Scheme. Such staffing shall include, but not be limited to:—

- (i) Gram Rozgar Sahayak at the Gram Panchayat level
- (ii) Dedicated technical personnel at the Block level for timely measurement of work
- (iii) Computer Operator & Junior Accountant for data entry, management information system operations, Proper account maintenance.
- (iv) Ombudsperson for each district, as required under Schedule I, Para 29 of the Act, to receive grievances, conduct enquiries and issue awards through digital platforms integrated with the designated portal.

Such personnel shall be strictly scheme-based manpower and the expenditure on such manpower shall be met from the material/administrative/contingency head releases available under the VB-GRAMG framework, within the normative allocation made by the Government of India to the State Government under Section 4(5) and Section 22(4) of the VBGRAMG Act and subject to the actual availability of funds under the scheme from time to time. The engagements shall remain scheme-based/co-terminus in nature, subject to continuation of the scheme, availability of funds and further orders of Government, without any right to regularization.

CHAPTER IX — WAGE PAYMENT AND DELAY COMPENSATION

9.1 Wage Payment.—

1. The wage rate to be paid to every worker employed under this Scheme shall be decided and notified by the Central Government under section 10 of the Act. Different wage rates may be notified by the Central Government for different areas within the State.
2. Until a specific wage rate is notified by the Central Government under section 10 of the Act, the wage rates notified under section 6 of the Mahatma Gandhi National Rural Employment Guarantee Act, 2005, shall continue to apply in the areas covered under this Scheme.
3. The disbursement of daily wages to every worker employed under this Scheme shall be made in the time period specified in the Act and rules made thereunder.
4. In the employment provided under this Scheme, there shall be no discrimination solely on the ground of gender, and the provisions of the Equal Remuneration Act, 1976, shall be complied with.

9.2 Mode of Payment.—

1. The payment of wages under this Scheme shall, unless specifically exempted by the Central Government, be made through the individual savings accounts of the workers maintained in the relevant Banks or Post Offices, in such manner as may be prescribed by the Central Government.
2. All payments of wages shall be made directly to the person concerned through digital and biometric authenticated (Aadhar Based) payment systems, in accordance with the systems and processes specified by the Central Government from time to time.
3. The Programme Officer shall ensure prompt and fair payment of wages to all labourers employed under the Scheme within the Block.

9.3 Delay Compensation.—

1. In case the payment of wages is not made within fifteen days from the date of closure of the muster roll, the wage seekers shall be entitled to receive payment of compensation for the delay at the rate of 0.05% of the unpaid wages per day of delay beyond the sixteenth day from the date of closure of the muster roll.
2. Any delay in payment of the compensation itself beyond a period of thirty days from the date it becomes payable shall be treated and considered in the same manner as delay in payment of wages under this Scheme.
3. For the purpose of ensuring accountability in the payment of wages and to calculate the culpability of various functionaries or agencies, the State Government shall divide the processes leading to the determination and payment of wages into the following distinct stages and specify stage-wise maximum time limits alongwith the functionary or agency responsible for each stage, namely :—
 - (a) measurement of work at the worksite;
 - (b) computerising the muster rolls;
 - (c) computerising the measurements;
 - (d) generation of wage lists; and
 - (e) uploading of Fund Transfer Orders (FTOs).
4. The computer system maintained under the Scheme shall have an in-built provision to automatically calculate the compensation payable, based on the date of closure of the muster roll and the date of deposit of wages in the accounts of the wage seekers, without requiring any manual intervention.
5. The District Programme Coordinator and the Programme Officer shall pay the delay compensation upfront to the eligible workers after due verification within the time limits specified above, and shall thereafter recover the compensation amount from the functionaries or agencies who are found responsible for the delay in payment.

6. The number of days of delay, the compensation determined as payable, and the compensation actually paid shall be reflected and updated in the Management Information System, and shall form part of the performance monitoring of the concerned functionary.
7. The expenditure towards delay compensation shall be borne by the State Government, if the delay is attributable to the actions at the level of the State Government.

CHAPTER X — UNEMPLOYMENT ALLOWANCE

10.1 Eligibility for Unemployment Allowance.—

1. If an applicant for employment under this Scheme is not provided such employment within fifteen days of receipt of his application seeking employment, or from the date on which the employment has been sought in the case of an advance application, whichever is later, such applicant shall be entitled to a daily unemployment allowance in accordance with the provisions of this Chapter.
2. The unemployment allowance payable under sub-section (1) shall be paid at such rate as may be specified by the State Government, by notification, in consultation with the State Gramin Rozgar Guarantee Council :

Provided that no such rate shall be less than one-fourth of the notified wage rate for the first thirty days during the financial year;

Provided further that no such rate shall be less than one-half of the notified wage rate for the remaining period of the financial year.

3. The liability of the State Government to pay unemployment allowance to a household during any financial year shall cease as soon as—
 - (a) the applicant is directed by the Gram Panchayat or Programme Officer to report for work either by himself or by deputing at least one adult member of the household; or
 - (b) the period for which employment is sought comes to an end and no member of the household of the applicant had turned up for the employment so offered; or
 - (c) the adult members of the household of the applicant have received in total at least one hundred and twenty-five days of work within the financial year; or
 - (d) the household of the applicant has earned, from wages and unemployment allowance taken together, an amount equivalent to the wages for one hundred and twenty-five days of work during the financial year.

10.2 Procedure for Payment of Unemployment Allowance.—

1. The unemployment allowance payable to the household of an applicant jointly shall be sanctioned and disbursed by the Programme Officer or such local authority, including the Panchayat at the District, intermediate or village level, as the State Government may, by notification, authorise in this behalf.

2. Every payment of unemployment allowance shall be made, or offered, not later than fifteen days from the date on which it became due for payment.
3. The terms and conditions of eligibility for unemployment allowance, including documentation requirements and verification procedures, shall be as prescribed by the State Government.
4. The State Government shall prescribe the procedure for the payment of unemployment allowance under this Scheme, including the mode and channel of payment, and shall ensure that the payment is made directly to the individual savings account of the applicant in the relevant Bank or Post Office.
5. The amount of unemployment allowance paid to any household in a financial year, alongwith the number of days for which such allowance was paid, shall be recorded in the Management Information System and reflected in the Gramin Rozgar Guarantee Card of the concerned household.
6. The expenditure towards unemployment allowance shall be borne entirely by the State Government and shall not be claimed as part of the Central share of the Scheme, in accordance with sub-section (8) of section 22 of the Act.
7. Where an applicant claims unemployment allowance on the ground that employment was not provided within fifteen days, the Programme Officer shall, before sanctioning the allowance, verify and record in writing the reasons for non-provision of employment, and initiate corrective measures to ensure that such failure does not recur.

CHAPTER XI-RESTRICTION ON UNDERTAKING WORKS DURING PEAK AGRICULTURAL SEASONS

11.1 Restriction on Commencement and Execution of Works during Peak Agricultural Seasons.—

1. Notwithstanding anything contained in this Scheme or the rules made thereunder, and to facilitate adequate availability of agricultural labour during peak agricultural seasons, no work shall be commenced or executed under this Scheme during such peak seasons as may be notified by the State Government.
2. The State Government shall, in advance of each financial year, notify a period or periods aggregating to sixty days in a financial year, covering the peak agricultural seasons of sowing and harvesting, during which no works under the Scheme shall be undertaken.
3. The State Government may issue distinct notifications for different areas of the State, including districts, blocks or Gram Panchayats, having regard to—
 - (a) agro-climatic zones;
 - (b) local patterns of agricultural activities; and
 - (c) such other relevant factors as may be considered necessary.

Every notification issued under this chapter/section shall have binding effect for the purposes of the Act and the Scheme.

11.2 Prohibition on Works during Notified Periods.—

1. All authorities responsible for planning, sanctioning or executing works under the Scheme shall ensure that no work is commenced, sanctioned or executed during the periods notified as peak agricultural seasons.
2. No administrative or financial sanction shall be accorded for any work proposed to be undertaken during a notified peak agricultural season, and any sanction accorded for works not yet commenced shall be treated as deferred until the expiry of the notified period.
3. The Programme Officer and other implementing authorities shall, while approving the aggregated Viksit Gram Panchayat Plans and scheduling works, ensure that all works are taken up only outside the notified peak agricultural seasons.
4. While preparing Viksit Gram Panchayat Plans and annual labour demand, no work shall be proposed for execution during the notified peak agricultural periods.

11.3 Relaxations during Natural Calamities/Extraordinary Circumstances.—

1. Notwithstanding anything contained in this Chapter, the State Government may recommend to the Central Government the need for special operational relaxations during natural calamities or other extraordinary circumstances for the purpose of ensuring timely response and support to affected households.
2. The Central Government may, upon consideration of the recommendations received from the State Government, make specific relaxations, including temporary expansion of permissible works, relaxed documentation norms, or enhanced wage employment provisioning, as may be appropriate to address the situation.
3. Upon receipt of such relaxation order, the State Government shall communicate the same forthwith to the District Programme Coordinators and Programme Officers of the areas concerned, and shall ensure that necessary measures are taken to operationalise the relaxation effectively and in accordance with the conditions stipulated therein.
4. Works taken up under any relaxation granted pursuant to this section shall be subject to all other provisions of the Act and this Scheme, including provisions relating to social audit, transparency, grievance redressal, wage payment and delay compensation, unless such provisions are expressly relaxed by the Central Government in the relaxation order.

CHAPTER XII — WORKSITE MANAGEMENT AND SAFETY

12.1 Facilities at worksites.—For the purpose of transparency at the worksite, the following shall be ensured :—

- (a) a copy of the sanction work order shall be available for public inspection at the worksite.

- (b) measurement record of each work and details of the workers shall be available for public inspection.
- (c) a Citizens' Information Board shall be put up at every worksite
- (d) the Vigilance and Monitoring Committee set up according to the instructions of the Central Government may check all works and its evaluation report will be recorded in the Works Register in the format specified by the Central Government and submitted to the Gram Sabha during the Social Audit.

12.2 Safety and accidents.—

1. If any personal injury is caused to any person employed under the Scheme by any accident arising out of and in the course of his employment, he shall be entitled to such medical treatment as required, free of cost.
2. Where hospitalisation of the injured worker is necessary, the State Government shall arrange for such hospitalisation including accommodation, treatment, medicines and payment of daily allowance which is not less than half of the wage rate.
3. If a person employed under the Scheme meets with death or becomes permanently disabled by accident arising out of and in the course of employment, he or his legal heirs, as the case may be, shall be paid by the implementing agency an ex-gratia as per entitlement under the Pradhan Mantri Suraksha Bima Yojana or as may be notified by the Central Government.
4. If any personal injury is caused by accident to a child accompanying a person who is employed under the Scheme, such person shall be entitled to medical treatment free of cost; and in case of death or disablement of the child due to the said accident, ex-gratia shall be paid to the legal guardians as determined by the State Government.

CHAPTER XIII — TRANSPARENCY, ACCOUNTABILITY AND PUBLIC DISCLOSURE

1. The District Programme Coordinator and all implementing agencies within the District shall be responsible for ensuring proper utilization, management, and accounting of the funds placed at their disposal for implementation of the Scheme.
2. A list of all persons provided employment/work under the Scheme shall be displayed on the notice board of the concerned Gram Panchayat. A copy thereof shall also be furnished to the Block Programme Officer. Such list shall remain open for inspection by officials of the Central Government, the State Government, and any other interested person.
3. Muster Rolls shall be made available for public scrutiny, and copies thereof shall be provided on demand on payment of such fee as may be notified under the Right to Information Act.
4. In respect of all works undertaken by the Gram Panchayats, copies of the Muster Rolls shall also be placed before the Gram Sabha/Ward Sabha for scrutiny and social audit.
5. An Inspection Register shall be maintained and made available at every work site for inspection and record purposes.

6. Display at every worksite a “Janata Board” indicating details of the work, estimated labour days, material quantities in local terminology, and item-wise costs.

7. Digital and physical display of number of days of employment provided, wage payments, material payments, guarantees under the Act, works approved under the Viksit Gram Panchayat Plan, and year-wise works taken up or completed by the Gram Panchayat and other implementing agencies.

8. Public disclosure of all information relating to works, labour demand, employment provided, payments, material utilisation and physical progress under this Scheme shall be carried out through digital systems integrated with the designated portal.

9. In addition, the Gram Panchayat shall convene monthly disclosure meetings in the Gram Panchayat Bhawan to present the status of works, payments, grievances and other relevant information before the community.

10. District Programme Coordinator shall ensure that their official websites are regularly updated in compliance with clause (b) of sub-section (1) of section 4 of the Right to Information Act, 2005 (22 of 2005), with all information on the Act available in free, downloadable electronic form.

11. All accounts and records including muster rolls relating to the scheme shall be made available for public scrutiny free of cost. Any person desirous of obtaining a copy or relevant extracts there G from may be provided such copies or extracts on demand not later than seven working days from the date of receipt of application.

CHAPTER XIV — SOCIAL AUDIT

14.1 Conduct of Social Audit.—

1. All works, expenditures and guarantees under this Scheme shall be subject to social audit at least once every six months.
2. The procedure, standards and modalities for conducting social audits shall be as per the rules notified by the Central Government.
3. Until such rules are notified, the provisions of the Mahatma Gandhi National Rural Employment Guarantee Audit of Schemes Rules, 2011 shall, mutatis mutandis, apply to the conduct of social audits under this Act.
4. The Gram Panchayat or any other executing agency shall make available all relevant records and documents, including muster rolls, bills, vouchers, measurement books, copies of sanction orders, photographs taken before, during and after execution of the work, and all other connected books of accounts and registers, to the Social Audit Unit for the purpose of conducting the Social Audit.

14.2 Compliance with findings.—

1. Findings of the social audit shall be placed in the Gram Sabha
2. Corrective and recovery actions shall be initiated without delay.

3. Action-taken reports shall be recorded in the MIS
4. Any misappropriation of amounts spent under the Scheme shall be recoverable under the relevant revenue laws for recovery prevailing in the State.
5. The portion of such recoveries pertaining to the Central share shall be remitted to the Consolidated Fund of India through the mechanism established by the Central Government.

14.3 Annual Reporting.—The District Programme Coordinator, the Programme Officer and each Gram Panchayat shall prepare an annual report detailing facts, figures and achievements relating to the implementation of the Scheme within their jurisdiction. A copy of such report shall be made available to the public in physical or electronic form, on payment of such fee as may be specified in the Scheme.

CHAPTER XV — GRIEVANCE REDRESSAL AND OMBUDSPERSON

15.1 Administrative Grievance Redressal Mechanism.—An effective grievance redressal mechanism shall be established under the Scheme, comprising the following components, namely :—

1. Institutional mechanisms for receiving grievances at the Ward, Gram Panchayat, Block and District levels, where Officials shall be mandatorily available to receive grievances daily.
2. Every worker shall have an opportunity of being heard and register any grievance either orally or in writing, at all implementation levels for disposal as per the provisions of the Grievance Redressal Mechanism under the Scheme.
3. Issuance of a dated acknowledgement for all grievances submitted in writing, telephonically, online, or orally to any authorised functionary.
4. Enquiry through spot verification or inspection and disposal shall be completed within fifteen working days of receipt of the grievance.
5. Upon completion of the enquiry, the concerned authority shall initiate immediate corrective action, and the grievance shall be resolved within thirty days.
6. Failure to dispose of a grievance within fifteen working days at the level determined, shall be treated as a contravention of the provisions of these rules.
7. Where prima facie evidence of financial irregularity is revealed during preliminary enquiry or through findings of the social audit report, the District Programme Coordinator shall, after obtaining legal advice, ensure that a First Information Report is lodged and necessary proceedings initiated.
8. The concerned authority shall inform the complainant in writing, physically or digitally, of the conclusions of the enquiry and the steps taken for redressal.
9. Action taken on grievances received by all implementing agencies shall be placed before the meetings of the Intermediate Panchayat and the District Panchayat for review and monitoring.

10. Appeals against the orders of the Gram Panchayat shall lie before the Programme Officer; appeals against the orders of the Programme Officer shall lie before the District Programme Coordinator; appeals against the orders of the District Programme Coordinator shall lie before the State Grievance Redressal Authority or any officer designated by the State Government.
11. All appeals shall be filed within forty-five days from the date of the order
12. All appeals shall be disposed of within thirty days from the date of receipt.

15.2 Record maintenance and grievance redressal system.—The Gram Panchayat shall prepare and maintain or cause to be prepared and maintained such registers, vouchers and other documents in such form and in such manner as may be specified in the Scheme containing particulars of Gramin Rozgar Guarantee Cards and pass books issued, name, age and address of the head of the household and the adult members of the households registered with the Gram Panchayat.

15.3 Ombudsperson.—The State Government shall appoint an Ombudsperson for each District to receive grievances, conduct enquiries and issue awards in accordance with the guidelines notified by the Central and the State Governments. The Ombudsperson shall operate through digital platforms integrated with the designated digital portal under this Act. The State Government may provide an appellate mechanism as per the provisions of the Act and guidelines issued by the Central Government.

CHAPTER XVI — MONITORING, INSPECTION AND EVALUATION

16.1. Monitoring.—The State Government shall monitor implementation at State, District and Block levels. Dashboards and analytical reports shall be maintained in the MIS.

16.2 Inspections.—A minimum prescribed percentage of works at each level shall be inspected every year.

- (a) At Gram Panchayat Level- 100% of works executed during the year shall be inspected by Block level officials.
- (b) At Block Level- At least 60% of works executed in different Gram Panchayats of the respective Block shall be inspected by BDO-cum-PO.
- (c) At District Level- At least 10% of works executed in different Gram Panchayats of the respective District shall be inspected by DPC and officers at District level.
- (d) At State Level- At least 2% of works executed in different Gram Panchayats across the State shall be inspected by Commissioner and officers at State level.

The inspections reports shall be submitted through Area Officer or any other digital platform prescribed by the Government.

16.3 Evaluation.—

1. The State Government may undertake independent evaluations periodically to assess outcomes and impact.

2. For ensuring measurable outcomes and real-time accountability, technology-enabled monitoring shall be mandated for tracking work execution and post-completion asset outcomes, supported by verified data systems and spatial technologies. Weekly public disclosures shall be reinforced through a comprehensive transparency framework. A Concurrent Evaluation Mechanism as specified by the Central Government, shall provide continuous vigilance and enable timely corrective action.

CHAPTER XVII — Quality Control Mechanism

In order to ensure effective planning, scientific designing, accurate estimation, proper execution, monitoring, evaluation, and maintenance of quality standards during the implementation of the Scheme, a comprehensive technical support and quality control framework shall be established. For this purpose, the State Employment Guarantee Council shall create and strengthen a network of Technical Resources at both the State and District levels. The technical resource network shall function as a professional support system to assist the Department in ensuring transparency, durability, efficiency, and quality in execution of works undertaken under the Scheme. The network shall, inter alia, perform the following functions :

- (1) **Identification and Promotion of Labour-Intensive Technologies:**—To identify, recommend, and promote appropriate labour-intensive and cost-effective technologies suited to local conditions, with emphasis on maximizing employment generation while maintaining quality and sustainability of assets created.
- (2) **Standardization of Estimation Procedures :**— To develop and standardize estimation methodologies and prepare model estimates for various categories of permissible works so as to ensure uniformity, transparency, and accuracy in preparation of technical estimates across all implementing agencies.
- (3) **Preparation of Technical Manuals and Guidelines :**— To prepare detailed manuals, standard operating procedures, technical guidelines, and reference documents relating to planning, designing, estimation, execution, supervision, and maintenance of works.
- (4) **Development of Software Tools and Training Material :**— To develop software manuals, charts, illustrative modules, digital tools, and other instructional material for effective use by Panchayati Raj Institutions and field functionaries for better implementation and supervision of works.
- (5) **Prescribing Quality Parameters and Standards :**— To formulate and recommend quality benchmarks, technical specifications, and measurable quality parameters for different categories of works in accordance with prescribed engineering norms and departmental standards.
- (6) **Preparation of Quality Control Manuals and Checklists :**— To prepare quality assurance manuals, inspection protocols, field checklists, and monitoring formats to facilitate systematic quality checking and supervision at various stages of execution.
- (7) **Quality Appraisal and Inspection of Works :**— To undertake periodic quality appraisal, technical inspections, and sample-based evaluation of worksites and completed assets in order to assess adherence to approved specifications, estimates, and prescribed standards.

- (8) **Recommendation of Corrective and Remedial Measures** :— To identify deficiencies, lapses, or deviations noticed during inspections and recommend appropriate corrective, preventive, and remedial measures for improving the overall quality and sustainability of assets created under the Scheme.
- (9) **Capacity Building and Training** :— To organize and impart training, orientation programmes, workshops, and technical capacity-building sessions for the technical staff of the Rural Development Department, Panchayati Raj Institutions, implementing agencies, and members of Vigilance and Monitoring Committees to strengthen institutional capacity and ensure effective implementation of quality control mechanisms.

The technical resource network shall also provide continuous technical guidance and advisory support to the Department for improving efficiency, accountability, transparency, and long-term durability of public assets created under the Scheme.

CHAPTER XVIII— TRANSITIONAL AND SAVINGS PROVISIONS

1. All works, sanctions, labour budgets, Job Cards, records, social audit proceedings, grievance proceedings and administrative actions existing under the earlier MGNREGA framework immediately prior to commencement of this Scheme shall insofar as not inconsistent with the Act, be deemed to have been validly undertaken under the corresponding provisions of this Scheme.
2. Existing Job Cards issued under the earlier framework shall continue to remain valid till replaced, updated or migrated under the provisions of this Scheme.
3. Existing programme implementation structures, scheme-based manpower and technical personnel engaged under the earlier framework may be continued by the State Government till such time as revised arrangements are notified by the State Government.
4. The State Government may issue such transitional directions or clarifications as may be necessary for smooth migration from the earlier framework to the Scheme notified under the Act.

ब अदालत उप—मण्डल दण्डाधिकारी, सदर, जिला बिलासपुर (हि0प्र0)

ब मुकद्दमा श्री निशान्त शर्मा पुत्र श्री अनिल कुमार शर्मा, निवासी मकान नं0 6, वार्ड नं0 6, कोसरियां बिलासपुर, तहसील सदर, जिला बिलासपुर (हि0प्र0)।

व

श्रीमती संगीता शर्मा पुत्री श्री राधा माधव, निवासी वार्ड नं0 3, पुराना बाजार ज्वालामुखी, चकबन कालीधर ज्वालामुखी -II, तहसील ज्वालामुखी, जिला कांगड़ा, हि0प्र0 प्रार्थीगण।

बनाम

आम जनता

विषय.—प्रार्थना—पत्र बराये विवाह पंजीकरण करवाने बारे।

नोटिस बनाम आम जनता।

मुकद्दमा उनवान वाला में प्रार्थी श्री निशान्त शर्मा पुत्र श्री अनिल कुमार शर्मा, निवासी मकान नं० 6, वार्ड नं० 6, कोसरियां बिलासपुर, तहसील सदर, जिला बिलासपुर (हि०प्र०) व श्रीमती संगीता शर्मा पुत्री श्री राधा माधव, निवासी वार्ड नं० 3, पुराना बाजार ज्वालामुखी, चकबन कालीधर ज्वालामुखी -II, तहसील ज्वालामुखी, जिला कांगड़ा, हि०प्र० ने इस अदालत में संयुक्त तौर पर प्रार्थना-पत्र प्रस्तुत किया है, जिसके अनुसार उन्होंने व्यक्त किया है कि उन्होंने दिनांक 18-04-2025 को व्यवस्थित विवाह हिन्दू रीति-रिवाजों के अनुसार किया है तथा इसकी प्रविष्टि हेतु कार्यकारी अधिकारी, नगर परिषद बिलासपुर, जिला बिलासपुर (हि०प्र०) को निर्देश दिये जावें।

अतः आम जनता को इस नोटिस के माध्यम से सूचित किया जाता है कि यदि किसी व्यक्ति को उपरोक्त प्रार्थीगण के विवाह की प्रविष्टि दिनांक 18-04-2025 को दर्ज करने बारे कोई एतराज हो तो वह दिनांक 06-07-2026 से पूर्व किसी भी कार्य दिवस पर असातन या वकालतन इस कार्यालय में उपस्थित होवें अन्यथा प्रार्थी श्री निशान्त शर्मा पुत्र श्री अनिल कुमार शर्मा, निवासी मकान नं० 6, वार्ड नं० 6, कोसरियां बिलासपुर, तहसील सदर, जिला बिलासपुर (हि०प्र०) व श्रीमती संगीता शर्मा पुत्री श्री राधा माधव, निवासी वार्ड नं० 3, पुराना बाजार ज्वालामुखी, चकबन कालीधर ज्वालामुखी -II, तहसील ज्वालामुखी, जिला कांगड़ा, हि०प्र० के विवाह की प्रविष्टि करने हेतु कार्यकारी अधिकारी, नगर परिषद बिलासपुर, जिला बिलासपुर (हि०प्र०) को आदेश जारी कर दिये जायेंगे।

आज दिनांक 06-06-2026 को मेरे हस्ताक्षर व मोहर अदालत से जारी हुआ।

मोहर।

हस्ताक्षरित /—
उप-मण्डल दण्डाधिकारी,
सदर, जिला बिलासपुर (हि०प्र०)।

ब अदालत उप-मण्डल दण्डाधिकारी, सदर, जिला बिलासपुर (हि०प्र०)

ब मुकद्दमा श्री सचिन मिन्हास पुत्र श्री राम चंद, निवासी गांव छटोल रजादियां, डाकघर बैरी रजादियां, तहसील सदर, जिला बिलासपुर (हि०प्र०)।

व

श्रीमती रेनू बाला पुत्री श्री भाग सिंह, निवासी गांव व डाकघर जलाड़ी, तहसील नादौन, जिला हमीरपुर, हि०प्र० प्रार्थीगण।

बनाम

आम जनता

विषय-प्रार्थना-पत्र बराये विवाह पंजीकरण करवाने बारे।

नोटिस बनाम आम जनता।

मुकद्दमा उनवान वाला में प्रार्थी श्री सचिन मिन्हास पुत्र श्री राम चंद, निवासी गांव छटोल रजादियां, डाकघर बैरी रजादियां, तहसील सदर, जिला बिलासपुर (हि०प्र०) व श्रीमती रेनू बाला पुत्री श्री भाग सिंह, निवासी गांव व डाकघर जलाड़ी, तहसील नादौन, जिला हमीरपुर, हि०प्र० ने इस अदालत में संयुक्त तौर पर प्रार्थना-पत्र प्रस्तुत किया है, जिसके अनुसार उन्होंने व्यक्त किया है कि उन्होंने दिनांक 18-11-2004 को

व्यवस्थित विवाह हिन्दू रीति-रिवाजों के अनुसार किया है तथा इसकी प्रविष्टि हेतु सचिव ग्राम पंचायत बैरी रजादियां, विकास खण्ड सदर, जिला बिलासपुर (हि0प्र0) को निर्देश दिये जावें।

अतः आम जनता को इस नोटिस के माध्यम से सूचित किया जाता है कि यदि किसी व्यक्ति को उपरोक्त प्रार्थीगण के विवाह की प्रविष्टि दिनांक 18-11-2004 को दर्ज करने बारे कोई एतराज हो तो वह दिनांक 10-07-2026 से पूर्व किसी भी कार्य दिवस पर असातन या वकालतन इस कार्यालय में उपस्थित होवें अन्यथा प्रार्थी श्री सचिन मिन्हास पुत्र श्री राम चंद, निवासी गांव छटोल रजादियां, डाकघर बैरी रजादियां, तहसील सदर, जिला बिलासपुर (हि0प्र0) व श्रीमती रेनू बाला पुत्री श्री भाग सिंह, निवासी गांव व डाकघर जलाड़ी, तहसील नादौन, जिला हमीरपुर, हि0प्र0 के विवाह की प्रविष्टि करने हेतु सचिव, ग्राम पंचायत बैरी रजादियां, जिला बिलासपुर (हि0प्र0) को आदेश जारी कर दिये जायेंगे।

आज दिनांक 10-06-2026 को मेरे हस्ताक्षर व मोहर अदालत से जारी हुआ।

मोहर।

हस्ताक्षरित/—
उप-मण्डल दण्डाधिकारी,
सदर, जिला बिलासपुर (हि0प्र0)।

ब अदालत उप-मण्डल दण्डाधिकारी, सदर, जिला बिलासपुर (हि0प्र0)

ब मुकद्दमा श्री सुभाष चन्द्र पुत्र श्री किशन सिंह चन्देल, निवासी वार्ड नं0 11 लखनपुर, डाकघर लखनपुर, तहसील सदर, जिला बिलासपुर (हि0प्र0)।

व

श्रीमती अन्जना कुमारी पुत्री श्री कश्मीर सिंह, निवासी गांव अणुकलां, तहसील व जिला हमीरपुर, हि0प्र0 प्रार्थीगण।

बनाम

आम जनता

विषय.—प्रार्थना-पत्र बराये विवाह पंजीकरण करवाने बारे।

नोटिस बनाम आम जनता।

मुकद्दमा उनवान वाला में प्रार्थी श्री सुभाष चन्द्र पुत्र श्री किशन सिंह चन्देल, निवासी वार्ड नं0 11 लखनपुर, डाकघर लखनपुर, तहसील सदर, जिला बिलासपुर (हि0प्र0) व श्रीमती अन्जना कुमारी पुत्री श्री कश्मीर सिंह, निवासी गांव अणुकलां, तहसील व जिला हमीरपुर, हि0प्र0 ने इस अदालत में संयुक्त तौर पर प्रार्थना-पत्र प्रस्तुत किया है, जिसके अनुसार उन्होंने व्यक्त किया है कि उन्होंने दिनांक 24-09-2017 को व्यवस्थित विवाह हिन्दू रीति-रिवाजों के अनुसार किया है तथा इसकी प्रविष्टि हेतु कार्यकारी अधिकारी, नगर परिषद बिलासपुर, जिला बिलासपुर (हि0प्र0) को निर्देश दिये जावें।

अतः आम जनता को इस नोटिस के माध्यम से सूचित किया जाता है कि यदि किसी व्यक्ति को उपरोक्त प्रार्थीगण के विवाह की प्रविष्टि दिनांक 24-09-2017 को दर्ज करने बारे कोई एतराज हो तो वह दिनांक 12-07-2026 से पूर्व किसी भी कार्य दिवस पर असातन या वकालतन इस कार्यालय में उपस्थित होवें अन्यथा प्रार्थी श्री सुभाष चन्द्र पुत्र श्री किशन सिंह चन्देल, निवासी वार्ड नं0 11 लखनपुर, डाकघर लखनपुर, तहसील सदर, जिला बिलासपुर (हि0प्र0) व श्रीमती अन्जना कुमारी पुत्री श्री कश्मीर सिंह, निवासी गांव अणुकलां, तहसील व जिला हमीरपुर, हि0प्र0 के विवाह की प्रविष्टि करने हेतु कार्यकारी अधिकारी, नगर परिषद बिलासपुर, जिला बिलासपुर (हि0प्र0) को आदेश जारी कर दिये जायेंगे।

आज दिनांक 12-06-2026 को मेरे हस्ताक्षर व मोहर अदालत से जारी हुआ।

मोहर।

हस्ताक्षरित/—
उप-मण्डल दण्डाधिकारी,
सदर, जिला बिलासपुर (हि0प्र0)।

ब अदालत तहसीलदार नादौन एवं सहायक समाहर्ता प्रथम श्रेणी, नादौन, तहसील नादौन,
जिला हमीरपुर (हि0प्र0)

आगामी सुनवाई : 15-07-2026

श्री तरुण सौन्धी पुत्र श्री नरेश चन्द सौन्धी, निवासी महाल सेरी, वार्ड नं0 3, डा0 व तहसील नादौन,
जिला हमीरपुर (हि0प्र0)।

बनाम

आम जनता

विषय.—प्रार्थना-पत्र जेर धारा 13(3) जन्म एवं मृत्यु पंजीकरण अधिनियम, 1969.

श्री तरुण सौन्धी पुत्र श्री नरेश चन्द सौन्धी, निवासी महाल सेरी, वार्ड नं0 3, डा0 व तहसील नादौन,
जिला हमीरपुर (हि0प्र0) का आवेदन-पत्र समस्त रिकार्ड व शपथ-पत्र सहित इस कार्यालय में प्राप्त हुआ है
जिसमें उल्लेख है कि उसके पुत्र युवन सौन्धी की जन्म तिथि 11-06-2023 को नगर परिषद् नादौन के
रिकार्ड में दर्ज न करवा सका है तथा अब उक्त जन्म तिथि 11-06-2023 को सम्बन्धित नगर परिषद् नादौन
में दर्ज करवाना चाहता है।

अतः इस इशतहार द्वारा आम जनता को सूचित किया जाता है कि यदि किसी व्यक्ति को उपरोक्त
युवन सौन्धी की जन्म तिथि 11-06-2023 को नगर परिषद् नादौन में दर्ज करने बारे कोई आपत्ति हो तो वह
असालतन या वकालतन दिनांक 15-07-2026 को तहसील नादौन, जिला हमीरपुर (हि0प्र0) को दोपहर 2 बजे
उपस्थित होकर अपना उजर पेश कर सकता है। कोई भी उजर/एतराज न आने की सूरत में एकतरफा
कार्यवाही अमल में लाई जाकर आगामी कार्यवाही की जायेगी एवं श्री युवन सौन्धी पुत्र श्री तरुण सौन्धी की
जन्म तिथि 11-06-2023 को नगर परिषद् नादौन में दर्ज करने के आदेश नियमानुसार पारित कर दिए
जाएंगे।

यह इशतहार मोहर अदालत व मेरे हस्ताक्षर से आज दिनांक 25-06-2026 को जारी हुआ।

मोहर।

हस्ताक्षरित/—
सहायक समाहर्ता प्रथम श्रेणी,
तहसील नादौन, जिला हमीरपुर (हि0प्र0)।

ब अदालत कार्याकारी दण्डाधिकारी, खुण्डियां, जिला कांगड़ा (हि0प्र0)

मुकद्दमा नं0 : 8144103/2026

किस्म प्रकरण : जन्म पंजीकरण

तारीख पेशी : 21-07-2026

श्रीमती ईशरां देवी पुत्री स्व0 श्री जय पाल, निवासी गांव छिलगा, डाकघर व तहसील खुण्डियां, ग्राम
पंचायत छिलगा, जिला कांगड़ा (हि0प्र0) प्रार्थिया।

आम जनता

प्रतिवादी।

विषय.—जन्म व मृत्यु पंजीकरण अधिनियम, 1969 की धारा 13(3) के तहत जन्म पंजीकरण हेतु प्रार्थना-पत्र।

प्रार्थिया श्रीमती ईशरां देवी पुत्री स्व० श्री जय पाल, निवासी गांव छिलगा, डाकघर व तहसील खुण्डियां, ग्राम पंचायत छिलगा, जिला कांगड़ा (हि०प्र०) ने इस अदालत में असालतन हाजिर प्रार्थना-पत्र मय ब्यान हल्फी पेश करते हुए आवेदन किया है कि उसका जन्म दिनांक 01-06-1966 को गांव छिलगा, डाकघर व तहसील खुण्डियां, ग्राम पंचायत छिलगा, जिला कांगड़ा (हि०प्र०) में हुआ है, परन्तु अज्ञानतावश उसका जन्म का पंजीकरण स्थानीय ग्राम पंचायत अभिलेख में दर्ज न करवाया गया है। अतः प्रार्थिया इस न्यायालय के माध्यम से अपने जन्म का पंजीकरण करने के आदेश ग्राम पंचायत छिलगा को जारी करवाना चाहती है।

अतः प्रार्थिया का आवेदन स्वीकार करते हुए इस इशतहार मुश्री मुनादी द्वारा आम जनता को सूचित किया जाता है कि यदि किसी व्यक्ति या संस्था को उपरोक्त की जन्म तिथि 01-06-1966 के पंजीकरण बारे कोई उजर व एतराज हो तो वह असालतन या वकालतन तारीख पेशी 21-07-2026 को हाजिर अदालत हो अपना उजर व एतराज पेश कर सकता है बाद तारीख पेशी किसी किस्म उजर व एतराज नहीं सुना जाएगा व उपरोक्त श्रीमती ईशरां देवी पुत्री स्व० श्री जय पाल की जन्म तिथि को पंजीकृत करने का आदेश उप-स्थानीय पंजीकार जन्म व मृत्यु ग्राम पंचायत छिलगा को पारित कर दिया जाएगा।

यह इशतहार मेरे हस्ताक्षर व मोहर अदालत से आज दिनांक 18-06-2026 को जारी हुआ।

मोहर ।

हस्ताक्षरित /—
कार्याकारी दण्डाधिकारी,
खुण्डियां, जिला कांगड़ा (हि०प्र०)।

ब अदालत कार्याकारी दण्डाधिकारी, खुण्डियां, जिला कांगड़ा (हि०प्र०)

मुकद्दमा नं० : 7096103/2026

किस्म प्रकरण : जन्म पंजीकरण

तारीख पेशी : 23-07-2026

मीना कुमारी पुत्री श्री राम रखा, निवासी गांव कोहलडी, डाकघर टिहरी, तहसील खुण्डियां, ग्राम पंचायत टिहरी, जिला कांगड़ा (हि०प्र०) प्रार्थिया।

बनाम

आम जनता

प्रतिवादी।

विषय.—जन्म व मृत्यु पंजीकरण अधिनियम, 1969 की धारा 13(3) के तहत जन्म पंजीकरण हेतु प्रार्थना-पत्र।

प्रार्थिया मीना कुमारी पुत्री श्री राम रखा, निवासी गांव कोहलडी, डाकघर टिहरी, तहसील खुण्डियां, ग्राम पंचायत टिहरी, जिला कांगड़ा (हि०प्र०) ने इस अदालत में असालतन हाजिर होकर प्रार्थना-पत्र मय ब्यान हल्फी पेश करते हुए आवेदन किया है कि उसका जन्म दिनांक 05-10-1975 को गांव कोहलडी, डाकघर टिहरी, तहसील खुण्डियां, ग्राम पंचायत टिहरी, जिला कांगड़ा (हि०प्र०) में हुआ है, परन्तु अज्ञानतावश उसका जन्म का पंजीकरण स्थानीय ग्राम पंचायत अभिलेख में दर्ज न करवाया गया है। अतः प्रार्थिया इस न्यायालय के माध्यम से अपने जन्म का पंजीकरण करने के आदेश ग्राम पंचायत टिहरी को जारी करवाना चाहती है।

अतः प्रार्थिया का आवेदन स्वीकार करते हुए इस इशतहार मुश्री मुनादी द्वारा आम जनता को सूचित किया जाता है कि यदि किसी व्यक्ति या संस्था को उपरोक्त की जन्म तिथि 05-10-1975 के पंजीकरण बारे

कोई उजर व एतराज हो तो वह असालतन या वकालतन तारीख पेशी 23-07-2026 को हाजिर अदालत हो अपना उजर व एतराज पेश कर सकता है बाद तारीख पेशी किसी किस्म उजर व एतराज नहीं सुना जाएगा व उपरोक्त श्रीमती मीना कुमारी पुत्री श्री राम रखा की जन्म तिथि को पंजीकृत करने का आदेश उप-स्थानीय पंजीकार जन्म व मृत्यु ग्राम पंचायत टिहरी को पारित कर दिया जाएगा।

यह इशतहार मेरे हस्ताक्षर व मोहर अदालत से आज दिनांक 23-06-2026 को जारी हुआ।

मोहर ।

हस्ताक्षरित /—
कार्याकारी दण्डाधिकारी,
खुण्डियां, जिला कांगड़ा (हि0प्र0)।

ब अदालत कार्याकारी दण्डाधिकारी, खुण्डियां, जिला कांगड़ा (हि0प्र0)

मुकद्दमा नं0 : 7096101/2026

किस्म प्रकरण : जन्म पंजीकरण

तारीख पेशी : 16-07-2026

श्रीमती सिमरो देवी पुत्री स्व0 श्री सन्त राम, निवासी गांव नाहली उपरला, डाकघर नाहलियां, तहसील खुण्डियां, ग्राम पंचायत नाहलियां, जिला कांगड़ा (हि0प्र0) प्रार्थिया।

बनाम

आम जनता

प्रतिवादी।

विषय.—जन्म व मृत्यु पंजीकरण अधिनियम, 1969 की धारा 13(3) के तहत जन्म पंजीकरण हेतु प्रार्थना-पत्र।

प्रार्थिया श्रीमती सिमरो देवी पुत्री स्व0 श्री सन्त राम, निवासी गांव नाहली उपरला, डाकघर नाहलियां, तहसील खुण्डियां, ग्राम पंचायत नाहलियां, जिला कांगड़ा (हि0प्र0) ने इस अदालत में असालतन हाजिर होकर प्रार्थना-पत्र मय ब्यान हल्फी पेश करते हुए आवेदन किया है कि उसका जन्म दिनांक 05-04-1967 को गांव नाहली उपरला, डाकघर नाहलियां, तहसील खुण्डियां, ग्राम पंचायत नाहलियां, जिला कांगड़ा (हि0प्र0) में हुआ है परन्तु अज्ञानतावश उसका जन्म का पंजीकरण स्थानीय ग्राम पंचायत अभिलेख में दर्ज न करवाया गया है। अतः प्रार्थिया इस न्यायालय के माध्यम से अपने जन्म का पंजीकरण करने के आदेश ग्राम पंचायत नाहलियां को जारी करवाना चाहती है।

अतः प्रार्थिया का आवेदन स्वीकार करते हुए इस इशतहार मुश्ट्री मुनादी द्वारा आम जनता को सूचित किया जाता है कि यदि किसी व्यक्ति या संस्था को उपरोक्त की जन्म तिथि 05-04-1967 के पंजीकरण बारे कोई उजर व एतराज हो तो वह असालतन या वकालतन तारीख पेशी 16-07-2026 को हाजिर अदालत हो अपना उजर व एतराज पेश कर सकता है बाद तारीख पेशी किसी किस्म उजर व एतराज नहीं सुना जाएगा व उपरोक्त श्रीमती सिमरो देवी पुत्री स्व0 श्री सन्त राम की जन्म तिथि को पंजीकृत करने का आदेश उप-स्थानीय पंजीकार जन्म व मृत्यु ग्राम पंचायत नाहलियां को पारित कर दिया जाएगा।

यह इशतहार मेरे हस्ताक्षर व मोहर अदालत से आज दिनांक 16-06-2026 को जारी हुआ।

मोहर ।

हस्ताक्षरित /—
कार्याकारी दण्डाधिकारी,
खुण्डियां, जिला कांगड़ा (हि0प्र0)।

ब अदालत कार्याकारी दण्डाधिकारी, खुण्डियां, जिला कांगड़ा (हि0प्र0)

मुकद्दमा नं0 : 8144102/2026

किस्म प्रकरण : जन्म पंजीकरण

तारीख पेशी : 16-07-2026

आरती पुत्री श्री रजिन्द्र कुमार, निवासी गांव बडोगलाहड, डाकघर सुदरलाहड, तहसील खुण्डियां, ग्राम पंचायत बडोगलाहड, जिला कांगड़ा (हि0प्र0) प्रार्थिया।

आम जनता

प्रतिवादी।

विषय.—जन्म व मृत्यु पंजीकरण अधिनियम, 1969 की धारा 13(3) के तहत जन्म पंजीकरण हेतु प्रार्थना-पत्र।

प्रार्थिया आरती पुत्री श्री रजिन्द्र कुमार, निवासी गांव बडोगलाहड, डाकघर सुदरलाहड, तहसील खुण्डियां, ग्राम पंचायत बडोगलाहड, जिला कांगड़ा (हि0प्र0) ने इस अदालत में असालतन हाजिर प्रार्थना-पत्र मय ब्यान हल्फी पेश करते हुए आवेदन किया है कि उसका जन्म दिनांक 23-01-2007 को गांव बडोगलाहड, डाकघर सुदरलाहड, तहसील खुण्डियां, ग्राम पंचायत बडोगलाहड, जिला कांगड़ा (हि0प्र0) में हुआ है, परन्तु अज्ञानतावश उसका जन्म का पंजीकरण स्थानीय ग्राम पंचायत अभिलेख में दर्ज न करवाया गया है। अतः प्रार्थिया इस न्यायालय के माध्यम से अपने जन्म का पंजीकरण करने के आदेश ग्राम पंचायत बडोगलाहड को जारी करवाना चाहती है।

अतः प्रार्थिया का आवेदन स्वीकार करते हुए इस इश्तहार मुश्त्री मुनादी द्वारा आम जनता को सूचित किया जाता है कि यदि किसी व्यक्ति या संस्था को उपरोक्त की जन्म तिथि 23-01-2007 के पंजीकरण बारे कोई उजर व एतराज हो तो वह असालतन या वकालतन तारीख पेशी 16-07-2026 को हाजिर अदालत हो अपना उजर व एतराज पेश कर सकता है बाद तारीख पेशी किसी किस्म उजर व एतराज नहीं सुना जाएगा व उपरोक्त श्रीमती आरती पुत्री श्री रजिन्द्र कुमार की जन्म तिथि को पंजीकृत करने का आदेश उप-स्थानीय पंजीकार जन्म व मृत्यु ग्राम पंचायत बडोगलाहड को पारित कर दिया जाएगा।

यह इश्तहार मेरे हस्ताक्षर व मोहर अदालत से आज दिनांक 16-06-2026 को जारी हुआ।

मोहर ।

हस्ताक्षरित /—
कार्याकारी दण्डाधिकारी,
खुण्डियां, जिला कांगड़ा (हि0प्र0)।

**In the Court of Sub-Divisional Magistrate, Exercising the Powers of Marriage Officer
Jawalamukhi, Distt. Kangra (H.P.)**

In the matter of :

1. Yadav Sharma aged 29 years s/o Sh. Kishori Lal, r/o Village Bharal, Post Office Gagruhi, Tehsil Jawalamukhi, Distt. Kangra (H.P.).

2. Sonakshi Jyotish aged 27 years d/o Sh. Jyotish Ray, r/o Village Musalgaon Mide Sinnar, Musalgaon, Post Office & Tehsil Sinnar, District Nashik, Maharashtra . . Applicants.

Versus

General Public

. . Respondent.

Subject.—Notice for registration of Marriage under Special Marriage Act, 1954.

The above applicants have filed an application u/s 16 of Special Marriage Act, 1954 alongwith affidavits and supporting documents in the court of undersigned in which they have stated that they have solemnized their marriage on 04-08-2025 at MIDC Musalgaon Tal-Sinnar,

District Nashik, Maharashtra and they are living as husband and wife since then, hence their marriage may be registered.

Therefore, the general public is hereby informed through this notice that if any person who have objection regarding this marriage can file the objections personally or in writing before this office on or before 01-08-2026 at 11.00 A.M. The objection(s) after 01-08-2026 at 11.00 A.M. will not be entertained by this office and then the marriage will be registered accordingly as per the law prescribed.

Issued on this 23rd of June, 2026 under my hand and seal of this office.

Seal.

Sd/-

*Sub-Divisional Magistrate-cum- Marriage Officer,
Jawalamukhi, Distt. Kangra (H.P.).*

**In the Court of Sub-Divisional Magistrate, Exercising the Powers of Marriage Officer
Jawalamukhi, Distt. Kangra (H.P.)**

In the matter of :

1. Manoj Kumar aged 42 years s/o Sh. Hukam Chand, r/o V.P.O. Bharoli Kutlara, Sub-Tehsil Bharoli, Distt. Kangra (H.P.).

2. Muskan aged 25 years d/o Sh. Dharminder Kumar, r/o House No. 7/78, Mohalla Malkana, Kapurthala, Punjab . . *Applicants.*

Versus

General Public

. . *Respondent.*

Subject.—Notice for registration of Marriage under Special Marriage Act, 1954.

The above applicants have filed an application u/s 16 of Special Marriage Act, 1954 alongwith affidavits and supporting documents in the court of undersigned in which they have stated that they have solemnized their marriage on 12-12-2025 at H. No. 7/78, Mohalla Malkana, Kapurthala, Punjab and they are living as husband and wife since then, hence their marriage may be registered.

Therefore, the general public is hereby informed through this notice that if any person who have objection regarding this marriage can file the objections personally or in writing before this office on or before 31-07-2026 at 11.00 A.M. The objection(s) after 31-07-2026 at 11.00 A.M. will not be entertained by this office and then the marriage will be registered accordingly as per the law prescribed.

Issued on this 23rd of June, 2026 under my hand and seal of this office.

Seal.

Sd/-

*Sub-Divisional Magistrate-cum- Marriage Officer,
Jawalamukhi, Distt. Kangra (H.P.).*

**In the Court of Sub-Divisional Magistrate, Exercising the Powers of Marriage Officer
Jawalamukhi, Distt. Kangra (H.P.)**

In the matter of :

1. Pankaj Kumar aged 25 years s/o Sh. Partap Chand, r/o Village Balari, P.O. Sialkar, Sub-Tehsil Majheen, Distt. Kangra (H.P.).

2. Roopa Bharti aged 19 years d/o Sh. Komal, r/o Gujraulia, Tehsil Pharenda, District Maharajgunj, (U.P.) . . *Applicants.*

Versus

General Public

. . *Respondent.*

Subject.—Notice for registration of Marriage under Section 8(4) of H.P. Registration Marriage Act, 1996.

The above applicants have filed an application u/s 8(4) of H.P. Registration Marriage Act, 1996 alongwith affidavits and supporting documents in the court of undersigned in which they have stated that they have solemnized their marriage on 15-06-2025 according to Hindu Rites & Customs and they are living as husband and wife since then, in the presence of relatives and friends said same has not been registered in the G.P. Sialkar hence their marriage may be registered.

Therefore, the general public is hereby informed through this notice that if any person who have objection regarding this marriage can file the objections personally or in writing before this office on or before 21-07-2026 at 11.00 A.M. The objection(s) after 21-07-2026 at 11.00 A.M. will not be entertained by this office and then the marriage will be registered accordingly as per the law prescribed.

Issued on this 19th of June, 2026 under my hand and seal of this office.

Seal.

Sd/-

*Sub-Divisional Magistrate-cum- Marriage Officer,
Jawalamukhi, Distt. Kangra (H.P.).*

ब अदालत इन्द्र सिंह, सहायक समाहर्ता द्वितीय श्रेणी, उप-तहसील टापरी,
जिला किन्नौर (हि0प्र0)—172 104

मुकद्दमा संख्या : 803421 / 2026

तारीख रजुआ : 12-06-2026

श्रीमती दुर्गा देवी पत्नी श्री भजन सिंह, निवासी गांव पूनंग, डाकघर व उप-तहसील टापरी, जिला किन्नौर (हि0प्र0)

बनाम

आम जनता जिला किन्नौर (हि0प्र0)

विषय.—Section 38 of H.P. Land Revenue Act, 1954 (राजस्व इन्द्राज दुरुस्ती)।

उपरोक्त प्रार्थिया ने अधोहस्ताक्षरी की अदालत में ऑनलाइन माध्यम से प्रार्थना-पत्र, ब्यान हल्फी मय अन्य कागजात इस आशय से गुजारा है कि प्रार्थिया का नाम राजस्व अभिलेख में दुरमा देवी विधवा भजन

सिंह पुत्र पलस राम दर्ज है जबकि उनका सही नाम दुर्गा देवी विधवा भजन सिंह है। लिहाजा इसे दुरुस्त करके उप-मोहाल पूनंग खास के राजस्व अभिलेख में दुर्गा देवी विधवा भजन सिंह किया जाए।

अतः प्रतिवादी आम जनता तथा सम्बन्धित रिश्तेदारों को इस इशतहार द्वारा सूचित किया जाता है कि किसी को उपरोक्त नाम दुरुस्ती बारे कोई उजर व एतराज हो तो वह तारीख पेशी दिनांक 15-07-2026 को सुबह 11.00 बजे तक इस न्यायालय में असालतन या वकालतन अपना उजर एतराज पेश कर सकता है अन्यथा उपरोक्त नाम दुरुस्ती करने के आदेश पारित किया जाएगा। उसके उपरान्त कोई उजर एतराज न सुना जाएगा।

आज दिनांक 16 जून 2026 को मेरे हस्ताक्षर व मोहर सहित अदालत से जारी हुआ।

मोहर।

हस्ताक्षरित/—
सहायक समाहर्ता द्वितीय श्रेणी,
उप-तहसील टापरी, जिला किन्नौर (हि0प्र0)।

ब अदालत श्री अनिल शर्मा, तहसीलदार/कार्यकारी दण्डाधिकारी, तहसील ननखरी,
जिला शिमला, हिमाचल प्रदेश

श्रीमती हिरा मणी पुत्री श्री मान सुख, निवासी गांव कोफरधार, डाकघर जाहू, तहसील ननखरी, जिला शिमला, हिमाचल प्रदेश।

बनाम

आम जनता

उनवान मुकद्दमा.—प्रार्थना—पत्र जेर धारा 13 (3) जन्म एवं मृत्यु पंजीकरण अधिनियम, 1969 के तहत ग्राम पंचायत के जन्म एवं मृत्यु पंजीकरण रजिस्टर में जन्म तिथि दर्ज करवाने बारे।

श्रीमती हिरा मणी पुत्री श्री मान सुख, निवासी गांव कोफरधार, डाकघर जाहू, तहसील ननखरी, जिला शिमला, हिमाचल प्रदेश ने प्रार्थना—पत्र गुजार कर निवेदन किया है कि उसकी जन्म तिथि 01-01-1966 अज्ञानता के कारण निश्चित अवधि में जन्म एवं मृत्यु पंजीकरण रजिस्टर में दर्ज नहीं करवा सकी। अब प्रार्थिया ग्राम पंचायत जाहू के जन्म एवं मृत्यु पंजीकरण रजिस्टर में पंजीकरण दर्ज करवाना चाहती है। प्रार्थिया ने अपना ब्यान हल्फिया (स्वयं सत्यापित), परिवार नकल, व सचिव द्वारा अप्राप्यता प्रमाण—पत्र प्रस्तुत कर अनुरोध किया है। कि उसका जन्म पंजीकरण सम्बन्धित ग्राम पंचायत रिकार्ड में दर्ज किया जावे।

अतः इस इशतहार द्वारा आम जनता तथा सम्बन्धित रिश्तेदारों को सूचित किया जाता है कि यदि किसी को उपरोक्त नाम व जन्म के पंजीकरण को सम्बन्धित ग्राम पंचायत रिकार्ड में दर्ज करने बारे कोई एतराज हो तो दिनांक 17-07-2026 को सुबह 10.00 बजे असालतन/वकालतन हाजिर होकर लिखित व मौखिक एतराज पेश करे अन्यथा उजर/एतराज पेश न होने की सूरत में ग्राम पंचायत जाहू को जन्म पंजीकरण करने के आदेश पारित कर दिए जाएंगे।

आज दिनांक 18-06-2026 को मेरे हस्ताक्षर व मोहर अदालत सहित जारी हुआ।

मोहर।

हस्ताक्षरित/—
(अनिल शर्मा),
तहसीलदार/कार्यकारी दण्डाधिकारी,
तहसील ननखरी, जिला शिमला (हि0प्र0)।

**ब अदालत श्री अनिल शर्मा, तहसीलदार/कार्यकारी दण्डाधिकारी, तहसील ननखरी,
जिला शिमला, हिमाचल प्रदेश**

श्रीमती कमला देवी पुत्री स्व० श्री नन्दू राम, निवासी गांव कन्दरेडी, डाकघर सूरड, तहसील ननखरी, जिला शिमला, हिमाचल प्रदेश।

बनाम

आम जनता

उनवान मुकद्दमा.—प्रार्थना—पत्र जेर धारा 13 (3) जन्म एवं मृत्यु पंजीकरण अधिनियम, 1969 के तहत ग्राम पंचायत के जन्म एवं मृत्यु पंजीकरण रजिस्टर में जन्म तिथि पंजीकरण करने बारे।

श्रीमती कमला देवी पुत्री स्व० श्री नन्दू राम, निवासी गांव कन्दरेडी, डाकघर सूरड, तहसील ननखरी, जिला शिमला, हिमाचल प्रदेश ने प्रार्थना—पत्र गुजार कर निवेदन किया है कि उसकी जन्म तिथि 27-05-1989 अज्ञानता के कारण निश्चित अवधि में जन्म एवं मृत्यु पंजीकरण रजिस्टर में दर्ज नहीं करवा सकी। अब प्रार्थिया ग्राम पंचायत टिप्पर मझोली के जन्म एवं मृत्यु पंजीकरण रजिस्टर में पंजीकरण करवाना चाहती है। प्रार्थिया ने अपना ब्यान हल्फिया (स्वयं सत्यापित), परिवार नकल, पहचान पत्र व सचिव द्वारा अप्राप्यता प्रमाण—पत्र प्रस्तुत कर अनुरोध किया है कि उसका जन्म पंजीकरण सम्बन्धित ग्राम पंचायत रिकार्ड में दर्ज किया जावे।

अतः इस इशतहार द्वारा आम जनता तथा सम्बन्धित रिश्तेदारों को सूचित किया जाता है कि यदि किसी को उपरोक्त जन्म के पंजीकरण को सम्बन्धित ग्राम पंचायत रिकार्ड में दर्ज करने बारे कोई एतराज हो तो दिनांक 17-06-2026 को सुबह 10.00 बजे असालतन/वकालतन हाजिर होकर लिखित व मौखिक एतराज पेश करे अन्यथा उजर/एतराज पेश न होने की सूरत में ग्राम पंचायत टिप्पर मझोली को जन्म पंजीकरण करने के आदेश पारित कर दिए जाएंगे।

आज दिनांक 18-06-2026 को मेरे हस्ताक्षर व मोहर अदालत सहित जारी हुआ।

मोहर।

हस्ताक्षरित/—

(अनिल शर्मा),

तहसीलदार/कार्यकारी दण्डाधिकारी,

तहसील ननखरी, जिला शिमला (हि०प्र०)।

**ब अदालत श्री अनिल शर्मा, तहसीलदार/कार्यकारी दण्डाधिकारी, तहसील ननखरी,
जिला शिमला, हिमाचल प्रदेश**

श्रीमती सुशीला देवी पुत्री श्री लाल चन्द, निवासी गांव लटेडी, डाकघर व तहसील ननखरी, जिला शिमला, हिमाचल प्रदेश।

बनाम

आम जनता

उनवान मुकद्दमा.—प्रार्थना—पत्र जेर धारा 13 (3) जन्म एवं मृत्यु पंजीकरण अधिनियम, 1969 के तहत ग्राम पंचायत के जन्म एवं मृत्यु पंजीकरण रजिस्टर में जन्म तिथि पंजीकरण करवाने बारे।

श्रीमती सुशीला देवी पुत्री श्री लाल चन्द, निवासी गांव लटेडी, डाकघर व तहसील ननखरी, जिला शिमला, हिमाचल प्रदेश ने प्रार्थना—पत्र गुजार कर निवेदन किया है कि उसकी जन्म तिथि 20-11-1985

अज्ञानता के कारण निश्चित अवधि में जन्म एवं मृत्यु पंजीकरण रजिस्टर में दर्ज नहीं करवा सकी अब प्रार्थिया ग्राम पंचायत थाना ननखरी के जन्म एवं मृत्यु पंजीकरण रजिस्टर में पंजीकरण करवाना चाहती है। प्रार्थिया ने अपना ब्यान हल्फिया (स्वयं सत्यापित), परिवार नकल, स्कूल प्रमाण पत्र व सचिव द्वारा अप्राप्यता प्रमाण-पत्र प्रस्तुत कर अनुरोध किया है कि उसका जन्म पंजीकरण सम्बन्धित ग्राम पंचायत रिकार्ड में दर्ज किया जावे।

अतः इस इशतहार द्वारा आम जनता तथा सम्बन्धित रिश्तेदारों को सूचित किया जाता है कि यदि किसी को उपरोक्त जन्म के पंजीकरण सम्बन्धित ग्राम पंचायत रिकार्ड में दर्ज करने बारे कोई एतराज हो तो दिनांक 17-06-2026 को सुबह 10.00 बजे असालतन/वकालतन हाजिर होकर लिखित व मौखिक एतराज पेश करे अन्यथा उजर/एतराज पेश न होने की सूरत में ग्राम पंचायत थाना ननखरी को जन्म पंजीकरण करने के आदेश पारित कर दिए जाएंगे।

आज दिनांक 18-06-2026 को मेरे हस्ताक्षर व मोहर अदालत सहित जारी हुआ।

मोहर।

हस्ताक्षरित/—

(अनिल शर्मा),

तहसीलदार/कार्यकारी दण्डाधिकारी,

तहसील ननखरी, जिला शिमला (हि0प्र0)।

**ब अदालत श्री अनिल शर्मा, तहसीलदार/कार्यकारी दण्डाधिकारी, तहसील ननखरी,
जिला शिमला, हिमाचल प्रदेश**

देवकू राम पुत्र श्री सुख दास, निवासी गांव थाना, डाकघर व तहसील ननखरी, जिला शिमला, हिमाचल प्रदेश।

बनाम

आम जनता

उनवान मुकद्दमा.—प्रार्थना-पत्र जेर धारा 13 (3) जन्म एवं मृत्यु पंजीकरण अधिनियम, 1969 के तहत ग्राम पंचायत के जन्म एवं मृत्यु पंजीकरण रजिस्टर में जन्म तिथि पंजीकरण करवाने बारे।

देवकू राम पुत्र श्री सुख दास, निवासी गांव थाना, डाकघर व तहसील ननखरी, जिला शिमला, हिमाचल प्रदेश ने प्रार्थना-पत्र गुजार कर निवेदन किया है कि उसकी जन्म तिथि 01-01-1954 अज्ञानता के कारण निश्चित अवधि में जन्म एवं मृत्यु पंजीकरण रजिस्टर में दर्ज नहीं करवा सका। अब प्रार्थी ग्राम पंचायत थाना ननखरी के जन्म एवं मृत्यु पंजीकरण रजिस्टर में पंजीकरण करवाना चाहता है। प्रार्थी ने अपना ब्यान हल्फिया (स्वयं सत्यापित), परिवार नकल, पहचान पत्र व सचिव द्वारा अप्राप्यता प्रमाण-पत्र प्रस्तुत कर अनुरोध किया है कि उसका जन्म पंजीकरण सम्बन्धित ग्राम पंचायत रिकार्ड में दर्ज किया जावे।

अतः इस इशतहार द्वारा आम जनता तथा सम्बन्धित रिश्तेदारों को सूचित किया जाता है कि यदि किसी को उपरोक्त जन्म के पंजीकरण का सम्बन्धित ग्राम पंचायत रिकार्ड में दर्ज करने बारे कोई एतराज हो तो दिनांक 17-07-2026 को सुबह 10.00 बजे असालतन/वकालतन हाजिर होकर लिखित व मौखिक एतराज पेश करे अन्यथा उजर/एतराज पेश न होने की सूरत में ग्राम पंचायत थाना ननखरी को जन्म पंजीकरण करने के आदेश पारित कर दिए जाएंगे।

आज दिनांक 18-06-2026 को मेरे हस्ताक्षर व मोहर अदालत सहित जारी हुआ।

मोहर।

हस्ताक्षरित/—

(अनिल शर्मा),

तहसीलदार/कार्यकारी दण्डाधिकारी,

तहसील ननखरी, जिला शिमला (हि0प्र0)।

**ब अदालत श्री अनिल शर्मा, तहसीलदार/कार्यकारी दण्डाधिकारी, तहसील ननखरी,
जिला शिमला, हिमाचल प्रदेश**

मेजर सिंह पुत्र श्री आत्मा राम, निवासी गांव मढोली, डाकघर सूरड, तहसील ननखरी, जिला शिमला, हिमाचल प्रदेश।

बनाम

आम जनता

उनवान मुकद्दमा.—प्रार्थना—पत्र जेर धारा 13 (3) जन्म एवं मृत्यु पंजीकरण अधिनियम, 1969 के तहत ग्राम पंचायत के जन्म एवं मृत्यु पंजीकरण रजिस्टर में जन्म तिथि पंजीकरण करवाने बारे।

मेजर सिंह पुत्र श्री आत्मा राम, निवासी गांव मढोली, डाकघर सूरड, तहसील ननखरी, जिला शिमला, हिमाचल प्रदेश ने प्रार्थना—पत्र गुजार कर निवेदन किया है कि उसकी जन्म तिथि 01-05-1969 अज्ञानता के कारण निश्चित अवधि में जन्म एवं मृत्यु पंजीकरण रजिस्टर में दर्ज नहीं करवा सका। अब प्रार्थी ग्राम पंचायत टिप्पर मझोली के जन्म व मृत्यु पंजीकरण रजिस्टर में पंजीकरण करवाना चाहता है। प्रार्थी ने अपना ब्यान हल्फिया (स्वयं सत्यापित), परिवार नकल, पहचान पत्र व सचिव द्वारा अप्राप्यता प्रमाण—पत्र प्रस्तुत कर अनुरोध किया है कि उसका, जन्म पंजीकरण सम्बन्धित ग्राम पंचायत रिकार्ड में दर्ज किया जावे।

अतः इस इशतहार द्वारा आम जनता तथा सम्बन्धित रिश्तेदारों को सूचित किया जाता है कि यदि किसी को उपरोक्त जन्म के पंजीकरण को सम्बन्धित ग्राम पंचायत रिकार्ड में दर्ज करने बारे कोई एतराज हो तो दिनांक 17-07-2026 को सुबह 10.00 बजे असातन/वकालतन हाजिर होकर लिखित व मौखिक एतराज पेश करे अन्यथा उजर/एतराज पेश न होने की सूरत में ग्राम पंचायत टिप्पर मझोली को जन्म पंजीकरण करने के आदेश पारित कर दिए जाएंगे।

आज दिनांक 18-06-2026 को मेरे हस्ताक्षर व मोहर अदालत सहित जारी हुआ।

मोहर।

हस्ताक्षरित/—

(अनिल शर्मा),

तहसीलदार/कार्यकारी दण्डाधिकारी,
तहसील ननखरी, जिला शिमला (हि0प्र0)।

Office of the Sub-Divisional Magistrate, Arki, District Solan (H.P.)

Case No.
28/2026

Date of Institution
24-06-2026

Date of Decision
23-07-2026

Smt. Priyanka Sharma d/o Sh. Pohu Lal Sharma, r/o Village Hatkot, P.O. Kunihar, Tehsil Arki, District Solan, Himachal Pradesh . . Applicant.

Versus

General Public

. . Respondent.

Regarding delayed registration of birth event under section 13(3) of the Birth and Death Registration Act, 1969.

Proclamation

Smt. Priyanka Sharma d/o Sh. Pohu Lal Sharma, r/o Village Hatkot, P.O. Kunihar, Tehsil Arki, District Solan, Himachal Pradesh has filed a case under section 13(3) of the Birth & Death Registration Act, 1969 alongwith affidavits and other documents stating therein that she was born on 21-09-1984 at Village Hatkot, P.O. Kunihar, but her birth has not been entered in the records of Gram Panchayat Kunihar, Tehsil Arki, District Solan (H.P.) as per the non availability certificate No. 10 issued by the Registrar, Birth and Death Registration, G.P. Kunihar, Tehsil Arki.

Therefore, by this proclamation, the general public is hereby informed that any person having any objection for registration of delayed birth event of Smt. Priyanka Sharma may submit their objections in writing to this office on or before 23-07-2026 at 10.00 A.M. failing which no objection will be entertained after afterwards.

Given under my hand and seal of this office on 24th day of June, 2026.

Seal.

Sd/-

*Sub-Divisional Magistrate,
Arki, District Solan (H.P.).*

Office of the Sub-Divisional Magistrate, Arki, District Solan (H.P.)

Case No.	Date of Institution	Date of Decision
27/2026	24-06-2026	23-07-2026

Sh. Ravinder Kumar s/o Sh. Devi Ram, r/o Village Kyarad, P.O. Saryanj, Tehsil Arki, District Solan, Himachal Pradesh . . Applicant.

Versus

General Public . . Respondent.

Regarding delayed registration of birth event under section 13(3) of the Birth and Death Registration Act, 1969.

Proclamation

Sh. Ravinder Kumar s/o Sh. Devi Ram, r/o Village Kyarad, P.O. Bhararighat, Tehsil Arki, District Solan, Himachal Pradesh has filed a case under section 13(3) of the Birth & Death Registration Act, 1969 alongwith affidavits and other documents stating therein that he was born on 28-03-1980 at Village Kyarad, but his birth has not been entered in the records of Gram Panchayat Kyarad, Tehsil Arki, District Solan (H.P.) as per the non availability certificate No. 10 issued by the Registrar, Birth and Death Registration, G.P. Kyarad, Tehsil Arki.

Therefore, by this proclamation, the general public is hereby informed that any person having any objection for registration of delayed birth event of Sh. Ravinder Kumar may submit their objections in writing to this office on or before 23-07-2026 at 10.00 A.M. failing which no objection will be entertained afterwards.

Given under my hand and seal of this office on 24th day of June, 2026.

Seal.

Sd/-
Sub-Divisional Magistrate,
Arki, District Solan (H.P.).

Office of the Sub-Divisional Magistrate, Arki, District Solan (H.P.)

Case No.
26/2026

Date of Institution
24-06-2026

Date of Decision
23-07-2026

Sh. Ram Dass s/o Sh. Paras Ram, r/o Village Garumnag, P.O. Saryanj, Tehsil Arki, District Solan, Himachal Pradesh . . Applicant.

Versus

General Public

. . Respondent.

Regarding delayed registration of death event under section 13(3) of the Birth and Death Registration Act, 1969.

Proclamation

Sh. Ram Dass s/o Sh. Paras Ram, r/o Village Garumnag, P.O. Saryanj, Tehsil Arki, District Solan, Himachal Pradesh has filed a case under section 13(3) of the Birth & Death Registration Act, 1969 alongwith affidavits and other documents stating therein that his Mother Late Smt. Sewti Devi w/o Sh. Paras Ram was expired on 29-03-1996 at Village Garumnag, P.O. Saryanj, Tehsil Arki, District Solan (H.P.) but her death has not been entered in the records of Gram Panchayat Saryanj, Tehsil Arki, District Solan (H.P.) as per the non availability certificate No. 10 issued by the Registrar, Birth and Death Registration, G.P. Saryanj, Tehsil Arki.

Therefore, by this proclamation, the general public is hereby informed that any person having any objection for registration of delayed death in respect of Late Smt. Sewti Devi may submit their objections in writing to this office on or before 23-07-2026 at 10.00 A.M. failing which no objection will be entertained afterwards.

Given under my hand and seal of this office on 24th day of June, 2026.

Seal.

Sd/-
Sub-Divisional Magistrate,
Arki, District Solan (H.P.).

ब अदालत श्री कैलाश कौंडल, सहायक समाहर्ता प्रथम श्रेणी, भू-सुधार अधिकारी अर्की,
तहसील अर्की, जिला सोलन (हि0प्र0)

मिसल नं० : 01 / 2026

तारीख मरजुआ : 16-02-2026

तारीख पेशी : 14-07-2026

काली दास पुत्र फिन्जा, निवासी महाल पनियाल, तहसील घुमारवीं, जिला बिलासपुर (हि0प्र0) वादी।

बनाम

नथू आदि, निवासी महाल पनिवाल, तहसील घुमारवीं, जिला बिलासपुर (हि0प्र0) ... प्रतिवादीगण।

प्रार्थना—पत्र हि0प्र0 मुजारियत एवं भूमि सुधार अधिनियम, 1972 की धारा 104(3) के तहत मालकाना हक बारे।

यह आवेदन पत्र वादीगण काली दास पुत्र फिन्जा आदि ने हि0प्र0 मुजारियत एवं भू-सुधार अधिनियम, 1972 की धारा 104(3) के तहत अराजी खेवट/खतौनी नं0 9/15, खसरा नं0 199, 200, 214, कित्ता—3 रकबा तादादी 5—15 बीघा, महाल पनिवाल, तहसील घुमारवीं, जिला बिलासपुर में मालकाना हक प्रदान करने बारा न्यायालय में पेश किया। प्रार्थी ने समस्त कागजात, संशोधित प्रार्थना—पत्र, हल्फी ब्यान व समस्त नकल जमाबंदियां संलग्न करते हुए निवेदन किया है कि उनका उपरोक्त खाता/खतौनी में खाना काशत में गैर—मौरूसी का ईन्द्राज चला आ रहा है तथा वे ही उपरोक्त भूमि काशत करते चले आ रहे हैं। उपरोक्त भूमि पर प्रतिवादी का कोई मौका कब्जा नहीं है तथा इसलिए वादीगण ने उपरोक्त अराजी में मालकाना हक बारे दरखास्त की है तथा प्रार्थना की है कि मुताबिक मौका व कब्जा काशत के अनुसार कागजात माल में प्रार्थीगण को गैर—मौरूसी के बजाए मालिक बनाया जाकर खाना मलकीयत में बतौर मालिक दर्ज किया जाए।

न्यायालय द्वारा मिसल सुनवाई हेतु दिनांक 16—03—2026, 30—03—2026, 22—04—2026 व 04—06—2026 को नायब तहसीलदार, भू—व्यवस्था वृत्त घुमारवीं के कार्यालय में रखी गई परन्तु निम्नलिखित कुछ प्रतिवादीगण को बजरिया समन समुचित ईतलाई नहीं हो पाई है। जिनका विवरण निम्न अनुसार है। प्रतिवादी क्रम संख्या :—

1. नथु पुत्र महाजन, 2. भगत राम पुत्र मसदी, 3. नथु पुत्र लालमन, 4. हरीराम पुत्र लालमन, 5. निक्का पुत्र लालमन, 6. श्रीमती मनशो पुत्री लालमन, 7. श्रीमती गीता पुत्री लालमन, 8. श्रीमती प्रभी पुत्री लालमन, 9. भगत पुत्र सदा राम, 10. श्रीमती द्रोपती पुत्री सदा राम, 11. श्रीमती भोला पत्नी सदा राम, 12. रामजी पुत्र साधु, 13. घनैईया पुत्र माधो, 14. नैरणू पुत्र माधो, 15. किरपा पुत्र माधो, 16. घूँघर पुत्र माधो, 17. धनी राम पुत्र रोहली, 18. सूरतराम पुत्र रोहली, 19. निक्का राम पुत्र रोहली, 20. अनन्त राम पुत्र रोहली, 21. लेख राम पुत्र रोहली, 22. सदा राम पुत्र रोहली, 23. जगरनाथ पुत्र चूँखा, 24. सीता राम पुत्र चूँखा, 25. कांशी राम पुत्र चूँखा, 26. श्रीमती रामरखी पुत्री चूँखा, 27. संतु पुत्र चन्दू, 28. गूसाऊँ पुत्र छजू, 29. गोविन्द पुत्र दया राम, 30. मथरादास पुत्र दया राम, 31. शाली पुत्र दया राम, 32. जियूणू राम पुत्र दया राम, 33. पुन्नू राम पुत्र दया राम, 34. रामदितू पुत्र मलागर, 35. ठौकरदास पुत्र मलागर, 36. गुलाबा पुत्र शिबू, 37. जियूणू पुत्र शिबू, 38. मसदी पुत्र गोकल, 39. हजारी पुत्र गोकल, 40. तुलसी पुत्र गोकल, 41. बलदेवदास पुत्र चिंतू, 42. मगल राम पुत्र चिंतू, 43. सुख देव पुत्र चिंतू, 44. श्रीमती क्रोधू पुत्री चिंतू, 45. श्रीमती विदया पुत्री चिंतू, 46. श्रीमती कौशल्या पुत्री चिंतू, 47. श्रीमती मैना देवी पत्नी पुत्र चिंतू, 48. भगत राम पुत्र फिन्जा, समस्त निवासीगण महाल पनिवाल, डाकखाना व तहसील घुमारवीं, जिला बिलासपुर (हि0प्र0)।

अतः अब उपरोक्त प्रतिवादीगण को इशतहार के माध्यम से सूचित किया जाता है कि यदि उपरोक्त प्रतिवादीगण को प्रार्थी के द्वारा दायर बाद के सम्बंध में कोई उजर व एतराज हो तो वह अपना उजर व एतराज मिति 14—07—2026 को प्रातः 11.00 बजे कार्यालय नायब तहसीलदार, भू—व्यवस्था वृत्त घुमारवीं में अधोहस्ताक्षरी के समक्ष पेश कर सकते हैं। किसी से उजर व एतराज न आने की सूरत में वादीगण को खाना काशत में काशत व कब्जा स्वयं मुताबिक करने बारा आदेश प्रदान किए जाएंगे।

आज दिनांक 08—06—2026 को मेरे हस्ताक्षर व मोहर अदालत से जारी हुआ।

मोहर।

हस्ताक्षरित/—

सहायक समाहर्ता प्रथम श्रेणी, भू—सुधार अधिकारी,
अर्की, तहसील अर्की, जिला सोलन (हि0प्र0)।

CHANGE OF NAME

I, Surender Singh s/o Sh. Balak Ram, r/o Village Kishore, Kuthar (16), Shimla (H.P.) declare that I have changed my minor son's name from Baby of Seema Chauhan, to Sparsh Chauhan. Please note all concerned for further.

SURENDER SINGH
s/o Sh. Balak Ram,
r/o Village Kishore, Kuthar (16),
Shimla (H.P.).

CHANGE OF NAME

I, Omesh Kumar s/o Sh. Jagan Nath, r/o Set No. 9, Block No. 1, US Club, Shimla (H.P.) -171 001 declare that I have changed my name from Omesh Kumar Bharti (Old Name) to Omesh Kumar (New Name). All concerned please may note.

OMESH KUMAR
s/o Sh. Jagan Nath,
r/o Set No. 9, Block No. 1, US Club,
Shimla (H.P.)-171 001.

CHANGE OF NAME

I, Shishu Pal s/o Sh. Ganga Ram, r/o Lana-Machher (148), P.O. Baru Sahib, Distt. Sirmaur (H.P.) declare that I have changed my minor son's name from Baby of Krishna to Divansh. Please note all concerned for further.

SHISHU PAL
s/o Sh. Ganga Ram,
r/o Lana-Machher (148),
P.O. Baru Sahib, Distt. Sirmaur (H.P.).

CHANGE OF NAME

I, Salindra Devi w/o Sh. Narender Singh, r/o Village Raru (221), P.O. Fatehpur, Tehsil Sarkaghat, Distt. Mandi (H.P.) declare that I have changed my name from Raj Kumari to Salindra Devi. I shall be known as Salindra Devi for all purposes in future. All concerned please note.

SALINDRA DEVI
w/o Sh. Narender Singh,
r/o Village Raru (221), P.O. Fatehpur,
Tehsil Sarkaghat, Distt. Mandi (H.P.).

CORRECTION OF NAME

I, Naresh Kumar s/o Sh. Dhian Singh, r/o Village Dobbar Kalan, P.O. Bara, Tehsil Nadaun, Distt. Hamirpur (H.P.) declare that in birth certificate of my minor son Abhishek Parmar, my name is wrongly entered as Naresh. Whereas, my correct name is Naresh Kumar. All concerned please note.

NARESH KUMAR
s/o Sh. Dhian Singh,
r/o Village Dobbar Kalan, P.O. Bara,
Tehsil Nadaun, Distt. Hamirpur (H.P.).

CORRECTION OF NAME

I, Reenu Devi w/o Sh. Ashok Kumar, r/o Village Naghiar (Thathlian), P.O. Talai, Tehsil Jhandutta, Distt. Bilaspur (H.P.) declare that in birth certificate of my minor son Arshal Vaidya, my name is wrongly entered as Renu Sharma. Whereas, my correct name is Reenu Devi. All concerned please note.

REENU DEVI
w/o Sh. Ashok Kumar,
r/o Village Naghiar (Thathlian), P.O. Talai,
Tehsil Jhandutta, Distt. Bilaspur (H.P.).

CORRECTION OF NAME

I, Rakesh Kumar s/o Sh. Pritam Singh, Village Kishanpura, P.O. Ganguwala Jamniwala, Tehsil Paonta Sahib, District Sirmaur (H.P.) hereby inform that the name of my minor son Parikshit Kashyap was wrongly written in his Aadhar Card 6590 7548 1682, which should be corrected and written as Akshit Kashyap.

RAKESH KUMAR
s/o Sh. Pritam Singh,
Village Kishanpura, P.O. Ganguwala Jamniwala,
Tehsil Paonta Sahib, District Sirmaur (H.P.).

CHANGE OF NAME

I, Vijay Kumar s/o Sh. Jagdish Chand, r/o Vill. Khalyanti (70/843), P.O. Bhohli, Tehsil & Distt. Solan (H.P.) declare that I have changed my minor daughter's name from Baby two of Manju Bala to Mokshika Bhatti. Please note all concerned for further.

VIJAY KUMAR
s/o Sh. Jagdish Chand,
r/o Vill. Khalyanti (70/843), P.O. Bhohli,
Tehsil & Distt. Solan (H.P.).

CHANGE OF NAME

I, Joginder Singh s/o Late Sh. Khiwan Ram, r/o Vill. Nehwat, P.O. Pahal, Sub-Tehsil Dhami, Distt. Shimla (H.P.)-171 007 declare that I have changed my daughter's name from Kriti Thakur (previous name) to Kritika Thakur (new name). All concerned please may note.

JOGINDER SINGH
*s/o Late Sh. Khiwan Ram,
r/o Vill. Nehwat, P.O. Pahal,
Sub-Tehsil Dhami, Distt. Shimla (H.P.)-171 007.*

CHANGE OF NAME

I, Sushil Kumar s/o Sh. Narender, r/o Kathli Bharan (136), Tehsil Rajgarh, Distt. Sirmaur (H.P.) declare that I have changed my minor son's name from yes to Yash Choudhary. Please note all concerned for further.

SUSHIL KUMAR
*s/o Sh. Narender,
r/o Kathli Bharan (136),
Tehsil Rajgarh, Distt. Sirmaur (H.P.).*

CHANGE OF NAME

I, Nisha w/o Sh. Sonu, r/o Vill. Trai, P.O. Piran, Tehsil Junga, Distt. Shimla (H.P.) declare that I have changed my name from Nisha to Laxmi. Please not all concerned.

NISHA
*w/o Sh. Sonu,
r/o Vill. Trai, P.O. Piran,
Tehsil Junga, Distt. Shimla (H.P.).*

CHANGE OF NAME

I, Tapender s/o Sh. Dasu Ram, r/o Chhau Bhogar (195), Kotidhiman, Tehsil Renuka, Distt. Sirmaur (H.P.) declare that I have changed my name from Tapenderm (Aadhar Card No. 4186 1632 8857) to Tapender due to variation in my name in my documents. All concerned please may note.

TAPENDER
*s/o Sh. Dasu Ram,
r/o Chhau Bhogar (195), Kotidhiman,
Tehsil Renuka, Distt. Sirmaur (H.P.).*

CORRECTION OF NAME

I, Madhu Devi d/o Sh. Harikrishan, r/o Ward No. 3, Village Ninu, P.O. Shiah, Tehsil Bhunter, Distt. Kullu (H.P.) declare that my name is wrongly entered as Dimple in my Aadhar Card. Now, I intend to correct my name as Madhu Devi in Aadhar Card. Concerned note it.

MADHU DEVI
d/o Sh. Harikrishan,
r/o Ward No. 3, Village Ninu, P.O. Shiah,
Tehsil Bhunter, Distt. Kullu (H.P.).

CORRECTION OF NAME

I, Sejal Thakur d/o Sh. Jasbir Singh, r/o Vill. Neemwali, P.O. Moginand, Tehsil Nahan, Distt. Sirmaur (H.P.)-173 030 declare that I have changed my name from Saijal (Aadhar Card No. 6137 6829 2817) to 'Sejal Thakur' due to variation in my name in my documents. In future I shall be known only by the name of Sejal Thakur. All concerned please may note.

SEJAL THAKUR
d/o Sh. Jasbir Singh,
r/o Vill. Neemwali, P.O. Moginand,
Tehsil Nahan, Distt. Sirmaur (H.P.)-173 030.

CORRECTION OF NAME

I, Bijay Nayak @ Vijay Nayak (Aadhar Card No. 7340 6095 6403) s/o Sh. Murli Nayak at Present c/o Om Prakash Dogra, r/o New Surendra Public School, Ward No. 2, Nalagarh, Tehsil Nalagarh, District Solan (H.P.) declare that my correct and actual name is Vijay Nayak. That I intend to get my name corrected/updated as Vijay Nayak in my Aadhar Card and other relevant records, instead of Bijay Nayak. That this affidavit is being executed and submitted before the concerned authorities for the purpose of correction/updation of my name in the Aadhar records and other official documents.

BIJAY NAYAK @ VIJAY NAYAK
s/o Sh. Murli Nayak,
at Present c/o Om Prakash Dogra,
r/o New Surendra Public School, Ward No. 2,
Nalagarh, Tehsil Nalagarh, District Solan (H.P.).

CHANGE OF NAME

I, Yesh Pal (New Name) s/o Sh. Mohan Lal, r/o Vill. Dadheog (185), P.O. Reog, Distt. Shimla (H.P.)-171 301 declare that I have changed my name from Yash Pal (Previous Name) to Yesh Pal (New Name). All concerned please may note.

YESH PAL
s/o Sh. Mohan Lal,
r/o Vill. Dadheog (185),
P.O. Reog, Distt. Shimla (H.P.)-171 301.

